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December 23, 1996

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Mr. Michael Gifford United States Environmental Protection Agency Superfund Division (SR-6J) 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

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RE:

Revised Report

On-Site Source Characterization and Off-Site Groundwater Investigation Report

CAM-OR Site - Westville, Indiana

Dames & Moore Job No. 13704-031-045

Dear Mr. Gifford:

We are submitting herewith, on behalf of the CAM-OR Site Extended PRP Group, the corrected text, Tables 1 and 3, and all figures for the On-Site Source Characterization and Off-Site Groundwater Investigation Report, CAM-OR Site, Westville, Indiana dated December 13, 1996. These revised pages and figures are marked Revision 1, dated December 20, 1996. For convenience, we are furnishing the entire text, although only a few pages have been revised; the previous text should be discarded. We considered the revisions necessary to correct minor inconsistencies and clarify the presentation; they do not affect the conclusions of the report.

We apologize for any inconvenience. Should you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact either of us.

Very truly yours,

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GEV\WJB:kk

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Danielle Livinghouse - LaPorte County Health Department

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VOLUME I -

ON-SITE SOURCE CHARACTERIZATION AND OFF-SITE GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION REPORT

CAM-OR SITE - WESTVILLE, INDIANA DECEMBER 13, 1996



VOLUME 1 ON-SITE SOURCE CHARACTERIZATION AND OFF-SITE GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION WESTVILLE, INDIANA

prepared for

CAM-OR SITE EXTENDED PRP GROUP

Dames & Moore Job No. 13704-031-045 December 13, 1996

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Dames & Moore, on behalf of the CAM-OR Site Extended PRP Group (Group), and in response to requests by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), has completed a multi-phase soil and groundwater investigation in the vicinity of the CAM-OR Site (Site) in Westville, Indiana. The objectives of this effort, performed between December 1995 and September 1996, were as follows:

- Sample and analyze subsurface soils on-site in an effort to identify and characterize the potential constituents of concern detected in previous investigations by Dames & Moore and others;
- Install early detection monitoring wells (sentinel wells) between the Site and potential groundwater receptors south and southwest of the Site;
- Assess the extent of potentially impacted groundwater south and west of the Site;
 and
- Delineate the horizontal extent of 1,4-dioxane, the only constituent of concern detected in groundwater beyond the immediate vicinity of the Site.

The work was accomplished pursuant to the Limited Groundwater Investigation Work Plan (November 28, 1995) which was reviewed and approved by the EPA, and the Revised Limited Work Plan for Off-Site Groundwater Investigation and On-Site Source Characterization (June 4, 1996).

This investigation was conducted in phases and included:

- Soil sampling from 60 on-site locations; 182 samples were collected and screened, 30 were submitted for laboratory analysis;
- Soil sampling from two off-site locations for "fingerprint analysis";
- Vertical aquifer profiling by collecting 120 samples at 33 locations;
- Installing and sampling eight additional monitoring wells;
- Collecting 24 samples from the 22 monitoring wells associated with the Site; and

• Identifying potential groundwater receptors within an approximate one mile downgradient of the Site and sampling 16 water supply wells for volatiles, semi-volatiles and 1,4-dioxane, as appropriate.

Based on the results of this and previous investigations, Dames & Moore concludes the following:

- Visibly impacted soil is present under a large portion of the western half of the Site.
- Petroleum constituents (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, tri-methyl benzene) are present on-site in the visibly impacted soil. Chlorinated and non-chlorinated solvents have also been detected on-site. Various polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs) are present, but only in the southwestern portion of the Site. 1,4-Dioxane was not detected in analyzed soil samples. However, the detection limit for 1,4-dioxane was elevated due to matrix interference.
- No constituents were detected in on-site soil samples at concentrations above the Indiana Department of Environmental Management's (IDEM's) Voluntary Remediation Program (VRP) risk-based cleanup criteria except for two compounds (tetrachloroethene and vinyl chloride) which were detected in one sample at concentrations slightly above their respective criteria.
- Visibly impacted soil was observed at four locations within 200 feet south and southwest of the Site. Results of "fingerprinting analyses" performed on samples from two of the four locations indicate the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons and similarity between the samples.
- Light Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid (LNAPL), not previously detected, has been found at MW-6, located 150 feet southwest of the Site.
- Groundwater flows southwesterly in a single, unconfined aquifer.
- Four compounds [benzene, cis-1,2-dichloroethene, trichloroethene, and bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (BEHP)] have been detected in downgradient groundwater samples at concentrations above IDEM VRP residential groundwater criteria. The only one of these found distant from the Site was BEHP, a common sampling and laboratory artifact, which was detected sporadically and inconsistantly and is not considered to be related to the Site.
- Analyses of groundwater samples from the sentinel well cluster installed between the
 Site and the Westville municipal supply well have not indicated the presence of any

constituent of concern. The only sporadic and inconsistent detection has been for BEHP, which is not considered to be related to the Site.

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- A single constituent of concern, 1,4-dioxane, has been detected in groundwater samples collected at depth as far as approximately 3,000 feet southwest of the Site near the intersection of US 6 and SR 2. This compound, which does not have an IDEM standard, appears to be present in a laterally- and vertically-localized plume. It has not been detected in the shallow portion of the aquifer beyond the immediate vicinity of the Site. At some locations within the plume, concentrations increase with depth. The horizontal extent of the plume has not been completely defined, and it appears to be moving in a more southerly direction beyond the immediate vicinity of the Site.
- All potential groundwater receptors within one mile downgradient of the Site have been identified. The nearest downgradient water supply well is located approximately 1,800 feet from the Site. No Site-related constituents have been detected in any of the 15 water supply wells within one mile downgradient of the Site, plus the Correctional Center well located 1.25 miles from the Site.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of an on-site soil characterization and off-site groundwater investigation at the CAM-OR Site (Site) in Westville, Indiana. The investigation was performed between December 1995 and September 1996 by Dames & Moore on behalf of the CAM-OR Site Extended PRP Group (Group) pursuant to a November 28, 1995 Work Plan, as amended on June 4, 1996, and approved by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The objectives of this investigation were to evaluate on-site soil in an effort to identify and characterize the potential source(s) of constituents previously detected in the groundwater, to assess the extent of impacted groundwater west and south of the Site, and to delineate 1,4-dioxane in groundwater.

This soil and groundwater investigation characterized and delineated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and polynuclear aromatic compounds (PNAs) in on-site soil, and evaluated the extent of VOCs and semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) in groundwater west, south, and southwest (downgradient) of the Site. The work was conducted in phases and consisted of soil sampling using direct push techniques, vertical aquifer profiling using direct push and drilling techniques, installation of new monitoring wells south and west of the Site, potable water supply well sampling, and monitoring well sampling.

The December 1995 to January 1996 investigative activities included screening shallow groundwater samples collected at depths of about 20 and 40 feet below ground surface south and west of the Site for VOCs to delineate the lateral extent of constituents detected in wells along the western border of the Site. This information was to be used to position two sentinel well clusters south and west of the Site for monitoring groundwater upgradient of local residences and the Westville municipal supply wells.

Vertical aquifer profiling performed during drilling for the sentinel monitoring well cluster, approximately 750 feet southwest of the Site detected 1,4-dioxane and other constituents. Since this location was not suitable for sentinel monitoring, the well cluster was relocated further southwest and additional vertical aquifer profiling was performed to define the plume. The horizontal extent plume from the Site has not been completely determined, but its cross-section has been defined and appears to be localized laterally and vertically.

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Subsequent to the Group reporting the detection of 1,4-dioxane in groundwater at depth in December 1995, the EPA sampled the Westville Municipal Well No. 1 and analyzed it for VOCs and SVOCs. EPA determined that 1,4-dioxane was not present in the groundwater sample that was collected from Municipal Well No. 1. Dames & Moore, at the request of the Group, sampled both Well No.1 and Well No. 2. Neither these nor subsequent periodic samples have detected any VOC, SVOC, or 1,4-dioxane. Potentially impacted water supply wells downgradient of the Site in the vicinity of the defined plume were tested to confirm that 1,4-dioxane was not present.

The on-site source characterization study included collection of 182 soil samples from 60 direct push technique shallow probes. Samples were visually characterized and field screened with a photoionization detector (PID). Thirty of these soil samples were selected for VOC and PNA analysis based upon field screening. Two visibly impacted off-site soil samples were collected south of the Site, on either side of SR 2. These samples were sent to an off-site laboratory for "fingerprint" analysis using high-resolution gas chromatography.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 LOCATION AND SURROUNDING AREAS

The Site is approximately a 15-acre parcel located on the north side of the town of Westville, LaPorte County, Indiana, as shown on Figures 1 & 2. The Site is bounded on the north by County Road 400 South, on the west by the abandoned CSX railroad right-of-way (ROW), on the south by SR 2, and on the east by two residences between the Site and US-421.

Land use to the north, east, and west is predominantly agricultural, with scattered residences and commercial establishments. The Town of Westville, the Westville Auto Salvage, and an industrial park that includes trucking, warehousing, and light manufacturing facilities are located south of the Site, across SR 2. Westville Correctional Center is located just over one mile south of the Site.

2.2 SITE HISTORY AND CURRENT STATUS

The Westville Oil Division of CAM-OR, Inc. began operation as a lubricating oil refinery plant in approximately 1934. The facility operated continuously at the same location until February 21, 1987. The plant rerefined used lubricating oil for use in automotive and industrial grade lubricating oil blends. In addition to selling its product in bulk, the company also packaged motor oils at its Westville cannery.

CAM-OR, Inc. was a publicly-owned Indiana corporation with approximately 900 shareholders. In 1977, operating control of the company was purchased by a management group. The management group changed the rerefining process in 1978 to a modernized high vacuum distillation process and made numerous other design and structural changes within the plant. The company installed a modern biological wastewater treatment facility with the capability of processing 50,000 gallons of wastewater per day, including wastewater containing high biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and phenol concentrations.

Prior to 1978, the company used several lagoons on the property for oil and water storage. Under the new management, three new 420,000-gallon tanks were built on the property to store used oil.

The lagoons were subsequently used to store wastewater during the startup of the wastewater treatment plant.

The facility had been inspected by Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program representatives. The first on-site sampling by EPA was in June 1984. The EPA and the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) assessed fines which were paid by CAM-OR, Inc. A consent agreement and final order were filed on July 16, 1986 for the closure of two liquid/sludge lagoons. The company did not implement the agreed actions, but rather stopped refining on February 21, 1987, and stopped operation in March 1987.

The EPA Emergency Response Branch asked the Technical Assistance Team (TAT) to conduct a site investigation because of the potential for an uncontrolled release of oil. The TAT conducted a site investigation on March 2, 1987, and concluded that the Site posed a significant threat to human health and the environment. A Removal Action Plan (RAP) was developed by TAT for EPA in February 1988, which included the following recommendations:

- Collect all oils within the lagoons and transfer to on-site storage tanks;
- Treat and discharge all water from the on-site lagoons;
- Solidify all remaining sludges, isolating all PCB from all non-PCB sludges; and
- Backfill all lagoons.

The EPA conducted removal activities during 1987 through 1989. Dames & Moore was retained by the Group in 1989 to conduct subsequent activities. Between 1989 and 1995, the following actions were completed by the Group:

- Removal of impounded surface water by treatment and discharge;
- Removal of tanked liquids by off-site disposal;
- On-site stabilization of sludge from tanks and an impoundment in the northeastern corner of the Site;

- Regrading, capping, and establishing a grass cover on the northern portion of the Site; and
- Installation of monitoring wells near the Site boundary and performance of periodic groundwater monitoring.

2.3 DESCRIPTION OF UNCONSOLIDATED DEPOSITS

The Site is located near the edge of the Valparaiso Moraine and the Kankakee Outwash and Lacustrine Plain. A majority of the materials encountered during field work were typically composed of sand and gravel from outwash fans that are part of the Kankakee Outwash and Lacustrine Plain. Based upon published data and well logs, the total thickness of the unconsolidated deposits in the vicinity of the Site range between 150 to 200 feet. The USGS report entitled: Hydrogeologic Atlas of Aquifers in Indiana, Water-Resources Investigations Report 92-4142, 1994, indicates the depth to bedrock becomes shallower south and southwest of the Site.

Borings advanced during the field investigation encountered 0 - 10 feet of silty sand, underlain by fine to medium and sometimes coarse sand with interbedded gravel seams to depths explored of about 150 feet. The sand color ranged from brown to brownish yellow to gray to olive gray. Gravel seams ranged in thickness from a few inches to a few feet.

Well logs and drilling information obtained during this investigation indicate the Site to be underlain by a single hydraulic unit from the groundwater surface to the top of bedrock with no significant confining layer or aquitard. Groundwater flow in the area of the Site is to the southwest, with no significant vertical gradient.

2.4 DESCRIPTION OF BEDROCK

Bedrock underlying Westville, Indiana is composed of Devonian and Mississippian Age shale of the Ellsworth Formation. Ellsworth shale is present above the Atrim shale in this area of Indiana. Shale was found at about 148 feet below ground surface in the abandoned MW-4 boring, located approximately 750 feet southwest of the site. The shale was a dark olive green in color and appeared to be Ellsworth shale, however it was not cored to determine whether it was bedrock or a boulder. The boring was terminated after encountering the shale.

1.0

3.0 SOURCE CHARACTERIZATION

In 1995, at the request of the EPA, the Group agreed to complete a source characterization to identify and quantify chemical constituents present in on-site soils. Soil sampling was performed on-site to identify and evaluate areas containing detectable levels of VOCs or PNAs in soil (source characterization). On-site source characterization was completed under the revised June 4, 1996 Work Plan. The results of the soil sampling were compared to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM's) Tier II health-based cleanup goals for subsurface nonresidential soils (as specified in the Indiana VRProgram Resource Guide, July 1996).

The source characterization focused upon the northwestern quadrant of the Site and the area that reportedly received storm water flow in the southwestern quadrant of the Site. Limited sampling was performed in the eastern half of the Site since available information indicated that only limited rerefining activities occurred there and remediation had been performed at the former lagoon in the northeastern quadrant. Sampling locations are indicated on Figure 3, Site Source Characterization Sampling Locations.

VOCs, PNAs, tetrahydrofuran, 2-picoline, and 1,4-dioxane were selected as the target analytes for source characterization since these constituents had been detected at least once in off-site monitoring well sampling events.

The soil (source) characterization comprised the following:

- 182 soil samples were collected from 60 locations across the Site using direct push methods.
 - 14 soil samples from the southwest quadrant of the Site were submitted for VOC and PNA analyses.
 - 12 soil samples from the northwest quadrant of the Site were submitted for VOC and PNA analyses.
 - Four soil samples from the eastern half of the Site were submitted for VOC and PNA analyses.

Two off-site soil samples were collected for hydrocarbon fingerprint analysis.

The results of the on-site and off-site soil characterization are summarized on Figures 4 through 8, and are discussed separately below.

3.1 ON-SITE SOIL CHARACTERIZATION

3.1.1 Investigation Activities

Site source characterization consisted of advancing 60 direct push probes to collect soil samples to the shallower of 16 feet or the water table. The probe locations are shown on Figure 3. Paramount Environmental Services of Portage, Indiana provided probe services to obtain samples under the supervision of Dames & Moore. Some probes were terminated due to refusal, particularly in the northwest quadrant of the Site. All collected samples were visually inspected and screened for VOCs using a Photovac[®] portable photo ionization detector (PID), and the information was recorded on boring logs. The soil sample interval exhibiting the highest field screening result from each probe location was trimmed to approximately six inches in length, capped, labeled and placed on ice in a cooler. Thirty of these soil samples were selected to provide a representative horizontal distribution and analyzed for VOCs, PNAs, and 1,4-dioxane.

All direct push holes were abandoned by sealing with granular bentonite.

3.1.2 Results of On-Site Characterization

Visibly impacted soil was identified in 44 of the 60 probes. This soil is darkly stained with a petroleum odor. The visibly impacted soil was identified in two large areas of the western half of the Site, and at one location in the eastern portion. The visibly impacted soil extended to the depth explored. These areas are depicted in plan view on Figure 4 and in subsurface sections on Figures 5 through 8. The boundaries of the areas known are an interpretation of information that is available.

The southwestern quadrant of the property is a low area which reportedly received storm water flow from the plant; the impacted soils were found 8 feet below ground surface. The northwestern quadrant is a hill that has been regraded to promote drainage and capped with a 2-foot thick layer

of clean, imported soil; the impacted soils were found at two or more feet below ground surface. Only one probe in the eastern portion of the Site encountered visibly impacted soil.

The chemical constituents detected in the impacted soil included VOCs and PNAs typical of petroleum-derived compounds. VOCs were detected in 21 of the 30 samples selected for chemical analysis (Figures 9A through 10 and presented in Table 1). PNAs were detected in eight of the 30 soil samples selected for chemical analysis (Figure 11).

BTEX and/or related constituents were detected (Figure 9A and 9B) with the following breakdown by location: 13 of the 14 samples from the southwest quadrant; 7 of the 12 samples from the northwest quadrant; and one of the four samples from the eastern half of the Site.

Thirteen non-petroleum related VOCs were detected (Figure 10). Four of these VOCs (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, trichlorofluoromethane, and vinyl chloride) were detected in one sample each. Three VOCs (chloroethane; 4-methyl-2-pentanone; and carbon disulfide) were detected in two samples each. The other six VOCs are listed followed by the number of samples in which they were detected: 1,1-dichloroethane (9); cis-1,2-dichloroethene (8); tetrachloroethene (11); tetrahydrofuran (6); 1,1,1-trichloroethane (5); and trichloroethene (10).

Only four of the PNAs were detected. These are listed, followed by the number of samples in which they were detected: fluorene (2); naphthalene (8); phenanthrene (5); and pyrene (1). Samples with detectable PNAs were located only in the southwest portion of the Site.

None of the on-site soil samples contains BTEX at concentrations that exceed the IDEM VRP Tier II Criteria for subsurface non-residential soils. None of the PNAs were detected at concentrations exceeding their respective criteria. Only two non-petroleum VOC constituents, both detected in a sample obtained from 8-12 feet in DM-11, exceed their respective soil criteria. Tetrachloroethene was detected at a concentration of 9.90 mg/kg (versus 8.01 mg/kg) and vinyl chloride was detected at a concentration of 0.24 mg/kg [versus 0.13 mg/kg (Figure 10)]. No criteria exist for 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene; 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene; n-butylbenzene; sec-butylbenzene; carbon disulfide; p-isopropyltoluene; n-propylbenzene; tetrahydrofuran; trichlorofluoromethane; trimethylbenzene isomers; and phenanthrene.

3.2 OFF-SITE SOIL CHARACTERIZATION

Two visibly impacted off-site soil samples were submitted to Friedman & Bruya, Inc., Seattle, Washington for high resolution gas chromatography analysis to "fingerprint" the constituents in the soils. The samples were collected from P-17 and P-19, located just south of the Site. These sampling locations are shown on Figures 3 and 4. The off-site soils collected for "fingerprinting" analysis had the same visual appearance as the soils sampled on the Site.

The results of the fingerprinting analysis indicate the two samples have similar petroleum constituents. Some constituents appear to be fresh, others heavily degraded. The age of the impacted soil was estimated to be 5 to 20 years. The Friedman & Bruya report is provided as Appendix A.

Chemical constituents detected in P-17 contained three products: a light distillate such as Stoddard solvent or mineral spirits, a middle distillate such as diesel or heating oil, and a highly degraded or cracked product, such as heavy fuel oil, crude oil, or creosote. The light and middle distillates appeared to be unweathered in this sample. The Friedman & Bruya laboratory report includes a chromatogram with a distinct pattern of n-alkanes from C-9 to C-21. The chromatogram shows that a highly degraded or cracked product forms a broad band on the chromatogram from n-C-8 to n-C-32 with a maximum at n-C-22. Friedman & Bruya suspects that the degraded product is a weathered heavy fuel oil such as Bunker C, crude oil, or creosote.

Sample P-19 contained material similar to P17, but the light and middle distillates were very degraded and the distinctive *n*-alkanes from C-9 to C-21 are not present. The heavily degraded fuel oil, crude oil or creosote is a larger fraction.

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4.0 OFF-SITE GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

4.1 BACKGROUND

The off-site groundwater investigation was performed in phases during the period December 1995 through September 1996. It consisted of the following activities:

- Shallow groundwater sampling west and south of the Site using direct push techniques;
- Vertical aquifer profiling;
- Monitoring well installation and sampling; and
- Sampling of downgradient water supply wells.

Shallow groundwater samples were collected west and south of the site (P-series) and analyzed to delineate the lateral extent of VOCs in the groundwater potentially impacted by Site soils. Shallow groundwater sampling was performed in the field west of the Site and in the city of Westville south of the Site, using direct-push equipment advanced to depths of 20 and 40 feet to collect groundwater samples. These were analyzed by a mobile laboratory.

Deeper groundwater samples were collected from probes and boring locations (vertical aquifer profiling) near or hydraulically downgradient of the Site at the locations shown on Figure 12 using direct-push (designated P-series) or drilling equipment (designated MW-series). These were analyzed for VOCs using a mobile laboratory. Vertical aquifer profiling was performed to evaluate whether the proposed screened intervals of the well clusters would be appropriate. The results of the mobile laboratory analysis indicated one proposed sentinel well cluster (MW-4) required relocation, but the proposed screen intervals for the monitoring wells would be appropriate. The vertical aquifer profiling was expanded to the west and southwest to further evaluate the horizontal and vertical extent of VOCs, SVOCs, and 1,4-dioxane.

Eight monitoring wells in three clusters (designated MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6) were installed as part of the groundwater investigation. These included a two-well cluster to evaluate constituent concentrations immediately southwest of the Site and two, three-well clusters intended to provide sentinel monitoring upgradient of potential groundwater receptors.

A water supply well survey was conducted to identify potential downgradient groundwater receptors. Sixteen water supply wells were sampled during the period of May to October, 1996.

4.2 MONITORING WELLS

4.2.1 Description of Monitoring Wells

Twenty-two groundwater monitoring wells have been installed at locations shown on Figure 12. Monitoring wells have been installed by CAM-OR, Inc. (B-1, B-2, B-4), the EPA (EP-1, EP-2, EP-3), and the LaPorte County Health Department (LP-1, LP-2, LP-3). The Group has installed six wells in 1993 (MW-1S, MW-1D, MW-2S, MW-2D, MW-3S, and MW-3D) and eight wells as part of the current investigation (MW-4S, MW-4D, MW-4XD, MW-5S, MW-5 D, MW-5XD, MW-6S, and MW-6D).

All of the wells are constructed of 2-inch diameter PVC. The B-series, EP-series, and LP-series wells are shallow wells screened near or across the water table. The MW-series wells are coded to indicate the screened interval as follows: "S" wells have a 10-foot screen across the water table; "D" wells have a 5-foot screen set at 80 feet; and, "XD" wells have a 5-foot screen set at 150 feet.

Sentinel well clusters MW-4 and MW-5 each consist of three monitoring wells. The MW-4 cluster was installed as a downgradient sentinel well between the Site and water supply wells to the southwest. The MW-5 cluster is a sentinel between the Site and Westville Municipal Well No. 1. Well cluster MW-6 is a two-well cluster completed southwest of the Site to characterize constituents in groundwater immediately downgradient of the Site.

4.2.2 Well Installation Methods

This section discusses the installation methods for the new well clusters MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6. Each well cluster includes one shallow well with a 10 foot screen that intercepts the water table, an intermediate depth well completed to approximately 80 feet, and a deep well installed to a depth of 150 feet, all as proposed in the December 4, 1995 Work Plan. The intermediate and deep wells have 5 foot screens.

Prior to monitoring well installation, vertical aquifer profiling was performed at 10 foot intervals from the groundwater surface, approximately 20 feet bgs to a maximum depth of 150 feet bgs. Samples were analyzed for VOCs using a mobile laboratory. The upper portion of the profiling used direct push methods and were designated P-series. The maximum depth attained by direct push equipment was 110 feet at P-22. The remainder of the vertical aquifer profiling samples were collected using the drilling equipment. The following direct push probes were completed in conjunction with the respective monitoring well (in parenthesis) as follows: P-1/P-21 (MW-4A); P-7 (MW-5); P-16 (MW-6); and P-22 (MW-4). A target list of VOC constituents was selected based upon the previous detections in monitoring wells MW-1S, MW-1D, MW-2S, MW-2D, MW-3S, and MW-3D. Table 4 is the target list for mobile laboratory analysis. The results of the analyses are presented on Figures 18 through 20 and provided in Appendix B. The profiling samples collected during this phase were analyzed in accordance with EPA field methods for chemical analysis. Duplicate samples from approximately 10% of these samples were submitted to an off-site laboratory for analysis. The results of the duplicate laboratory analysis is included in Table 7.

The dual-wall, reverse circulation, air rotary, drilling technique, was used to install 7 of the 8 monitoring wells, and to obtain water samples below the direct push limits. MW-6S was installed using hollow-stemmed augers using conventional techniques. The reversed air system uses compressed air forced down the annulus of the dual-wall drill pipe to the drill bit to return soil cuttings and groundwater to the surface through the center of the drill bit and the drill rod. Soil cuttings exited the drill head through a 4-inch I.D. hose that discharged through a cyclone directly to a roll-off box. Cuttings were collected from the cyclone for visual classification to prepare boring logs (Appendix C). Vertical aquifer sampling was performed by collecting samples from within the drill pipe at 10-foot intervals starting at the maximum depth attainable by the direct push equipment.

Upon reaching the desired depth, an overwash casing was installed to the bottom of the borehole and the dual-wall drill rod was removed. The PVC well was installed through of the overwash casing. Sand was tremmied around and at least two feet above the screen. The annulus was grouted with bentonite slurry to within three feet of the surface during the removal of the overwash casing from the hole. A protective cover with locking cap was cemented in place to complete the installation. Well construction logs are provided as Appendix D.

4.2.3 Horizontal Groundwater Flow

Groundwater elevations were measured in December 1995, March 1996, and August 1996. Groundwater flow in the vicinity of the Site is to the southwest according to these groundwater level measurements. The groundwater flow direction is in general agreement with previous measurements collected in 1992, 1993, and 1994. Elevations varied up to nine feet across the approximately 6000 feet between LaPorte County Health Department monitoring wells LP1 and LP2. Groundwater measurements indicate little vertical gradient between shallow, intermediate, and deep monitoring wells. Generalized groundwater flow directions are depicted on Figures 13, 14, and 15. The data used to prepare these figures is provided in Table 5.

The groundwater gradient ranged between 0.0013 to 0.0015 over the three measurement dates. The depth to groundwater ranged from about 6 feet below ground surface (bgs) at MW-4S to about 38 feet bgs at LP-1. The fluctuation between measurements over time was about one foot. Groundwater elevations were not obtained from monitoring wells B-1, B-2, and MW-2D in December, or MW-5XD in August, because the protective outer casings were not able to be opened. These conditions have since been rectified.

LNAPL was observed in MW-6S during the August water level measurements; it was not present in January or March sampling events. An oil/water interface probe was utilized to measure 1.15 feet of a brownish-yellow, translucent LNAPL with a petroleum odor. Correcting for the presence of this LNAPL provides an equivalent water level elevation for MW-6S consistent with the general flow direction depicted on Figure 15.

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the story

4.2.4 Monitoring Well Sampling Results

Dames & Moore has performed one full round of groundwater sampling of all monitoring wells associated with at the Site. A summary of laboratory results is provided in Table 6 and presented on Figures 16, 18, and 19. All MW-series monitoring wells were sampled in January, 1996. The VOC results from wells MW-1S, MW-1D,MW-2S, MW-2D, MW-3S, MW-3D, MW-5S, MW-5D and MW-6S were rejected because of the inexplicable presence of TCE. These wells, plus MW4-D, MW4-XD, and MW6-D, were resampled and analyzed for VOCs and SVOCs in March, 1996. The results showed the TCE to be absent or greatly reduced, consistent with previous monitoring near the Site. Samples were collected and analyzed for SVOCs from MW-4D and MW-4XD in July, 1996 to provide additional information for the vertical aquifer profiling being performed downgradient. These and the March data demonstrated sporadic and inconsistent detections of BEHP.

The January sampling was performed in accordance with the Work Plan, as modified by the EPA. EPA required a limited purge method whereby the well is purged by pumping at a slow rate to remove water flowing horizontally through the screen. Dames & Moore proposed to sample the wells with a PVC disposable bailer after purging with a pump; however, EPA required that samples be taken from the pump discharge rather than from a bailer. TCE carryover apparently occurred in some of the samples despite the pump decontamination protocol. VOC analysis was performed on 26 samples, including two equipment blanks. Equipment blank #1 and equipment blank #2 contained TCE at concentrations of 1,600 μ g/L and 480 μ g/L. The samples which preceded equipment blank #1 had concentrations of TCE ranging from 600 μ g/L to 270 μ g/L. Dames & Moore, in consultation with the Group, determined that pump decontamination procedures were inadequate for the January 1996 sampling round. Consequently, in March 1996, Dames & Moore resampled TCE at MW-1S, 1D, 2S 2D, 5S, 5D, 6S and 6D, where TCE had been detected in January 1996. The samples were obtained by conventional purging with a pump, then sampling with a disposable bailer.

Concentrations of detected chemical constituents were compared with the IDEM Tier II VCP Criteria for groundwater in a residential land use scenario. The analytical sampling results and criteria are presented in Table 3. Only 4 compounds were detected above their respective criteria: benzene in MW-1S, MW-2S, and MW-3S; cis-1,2-dichloroethene at MW-1S and 3S; TCE at MW-1S, MW-2D,

and MW-6D; and BEHP at MW-1S, MW-4D, MW-4XD, MW-5D, MW-5XD, and MW-6D. BEHP, a common sampling and laboratory artifact, was sporadically and inconsistently detected in samples, and is not considered to be Site-related. IDEM has not established criteria for the following detected analytes: 2,4 dimethylphenol; methyl ethyl ketone; chloromethane; methylene chloride; tetrahydrofuran; methyl naphthalene; and, 1,4-dioxane.

1,4-Dioxane was the only Site-related constituent detected at MW-4D and MW-4XD, the most distant monitoring wells from the Site. Groundwater sample analyses indicate 1,4-dioxane to be present at shallow and intermediate depths adjacent to the Site (Figure 18 & Figure 19 at MW-2, MW-3 and B-4). However, further from the Site, 1,4-dioxane was found at a greater concentration at MW-4D and MW-4XD, but was absent in MW-4S. Additional vertical aquifer profiling was performed south and west of the Site to determine the extent of 1,4-dioxane in groundwater.

4.3 LATERAL EXTENT OF IMPACTED GROUNDWATER

4.3.1 Background and Purpose

Two supplemental groundwater investigations were performed. The first was to evaluate VOC impact in shallow groundwater adjacent to the Site. The second was to delineate the horizontal and vertical extent of the 1,4-dioxane plume identified during the monitoring well installation. 1,4dioxane became the constituent of concern southwest of the Site since it was the only constituent detected beyond the MW-4 well cluster.

4.3.2 Investigative Activities

Direct-push shallow groundwater sampling and vertical aquifer profiling was performed at the Pseries locations shown in Figure 20. Groundwater samples were collected at 10-foot or 20-foot intervals at locations west and south of the Site to delineate the extent of potentially Site-related constituents including 1,4-dioxane. Seventy-one samples were collected at 22 locations west and south of the Site in December 1995. Four of these locations were associated with monitoring wells and are discussed in Section 4.2.2. The remaining 18 locations were used to delineate the lateral extent of constituents of concern. During the period June to September 1996, 49 samples were collected at 14 locations southwest of the Site. Eight of the 14 sample locations were used to assess

the lateral extent of VOCs and SVOCs including 1,4-dioxane. The remaining six were used to assess the lateral extent of 1,4-dioxane only.

Vertical aquifer profiling was performed at seven locations, designated P-23 through P-30, during June and July starting at 60 feet (the depth at which tetrahydrofuran and 1,4-dioxane were detected off site) and typically sampled at 20-foot intervals to the limits of the equipment. P-26, located just northwest of the Westville Waste Water Treatment Plant (WWWTP), was sampled at 10 foot intervals and the odd numbered samples were archived at the request of the EPA. P-27 was completed immediately downgradient of the Site to vertically profile concentrations of VOCs and PNAs starting at a depth of 80 feet and continuing at 10 foot intervals to 150 feet. All groundwater samples were analyzed by off-site laboratories for VOCs by EPA SW-846 Method 8260 and SVOCs plus 1,4 dioxane by EPA SW-846 Method 8270.

The analytical results from P23 through P30 showed the need for additional vertical aquifer profiling to determine the lateral extent of 1,4-dioxane. Six additional direct push probes, designated P-31 through P-36, were completed in August and September at locations southwest of the site between the WWWTP and the Porter/LaPorte County line.

4.3.3 Sampling Results

The vertical aquifer profiling results are summarized on Figure 21. 1,4-dioxane concentrations appear to increase with depth distant from the Site. The plume appears to be relatively localized laterally and vertically, and appears to be turning in a southerly direction. The horizontal extent of 1,4-dioxane has not been completely defined.

Analytical results from P-24, P-25, P-26 (first phase), and P-36 (second phase) indicated that 1,4-dioxane was present at the maximum depths explored, up to 110 feet as far as 3,000 feet from the Site, at P-36. In all four probe locations, the highest concentrations of 1,4-dioxane were detected in the deepest sample intervals. 1,4-Dioxane was detected at relatively consistent levels between 80 and 150 feet deep near the site at P-27. Nine other locations were sampled to a maximum depth of 100 feet with no detections for VOCs, SVOCs, or 1,4-dioxane. The direct push technique was not able to penetrate the full vertical extent of the aquifer southwest of the Site.

4.4 POTENTIAL GROUNDWATER RECEPTORS

4.4.1 Water Supply Well Survey

A door-to-door water supply well survey conducted in May, 1996 identified sixteen water supply wells servicing potential groundwater receptors south and west of the Site. They include two municipal wells, three private supply wells, seven commercial wells, and four residential wells. The locations of the water supply wells are shown on Figure 22. All of the residential and commercial wells reportedly are reportedly screened at 75 feet or less.

Eleven wells were sampled between March and May 1996. The remaining five wells were sampled in July and October, 1996. All sampling was performed jointly with the LaPorte County Health Department.

4.4.2 Supply Well Sampling Protocol and Analytical Procedures

Water supply well samples were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, and 1,4 dioxane, depending on the location of the well. Westville's two municipal wells and seven of the commercial and residential wells were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, and 1,4-dioxane. The remaining seven wells were analyzed for 1,4-dioxane only because vertical aquifer profiling distant from the Site indicated it to be the only compound present.

The following well sampling protocol was followed for water supply well sampling:

- Water softeners, activated carbon, or other treatment systems were bypassed prior to purging;
- Water was drawn from the faucet or spigot for at least 15 minutes to remove stagnant system water;
- All samples were collected from a faucet or spigot and placed directly into laboratory-supplied 40 mL VOA vials; and

All samples were shipped the same day of collection to a qualified laboratory.

4.4.3 Results

A summary of the laboratory analysis and the location of all known potentially impacted water supply wells is shown on Figure 22. All water supply well samples were below method detection limits with the exception of the Smith residence, which indicated the presence of methyl ethyl ketone at 31 μ g/L. A new well and new internal PVC plumbing had recently been installed at the Smith residence. Methyl ethyl ketone is a common component of PVC cement and its presence is not considered to be Site related. Pertinent sampling information and results are provided in Table 3.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based upon Dames & Moore's investigative results and subsequent evaluations, the following conclusions are provided:

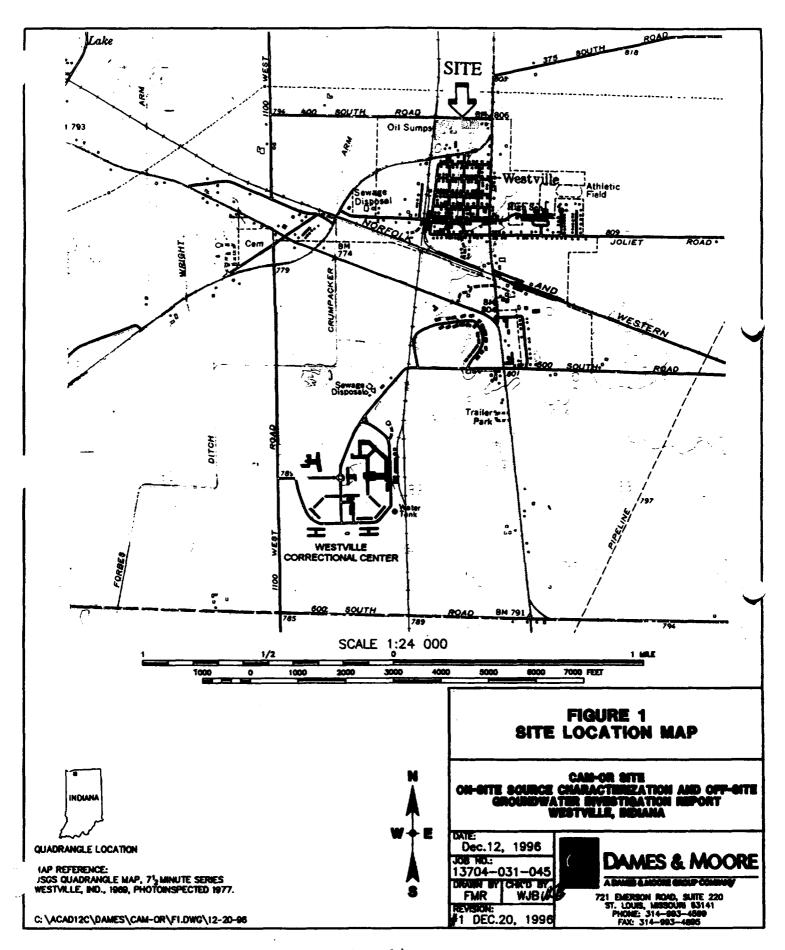
On-Site Source Investigation

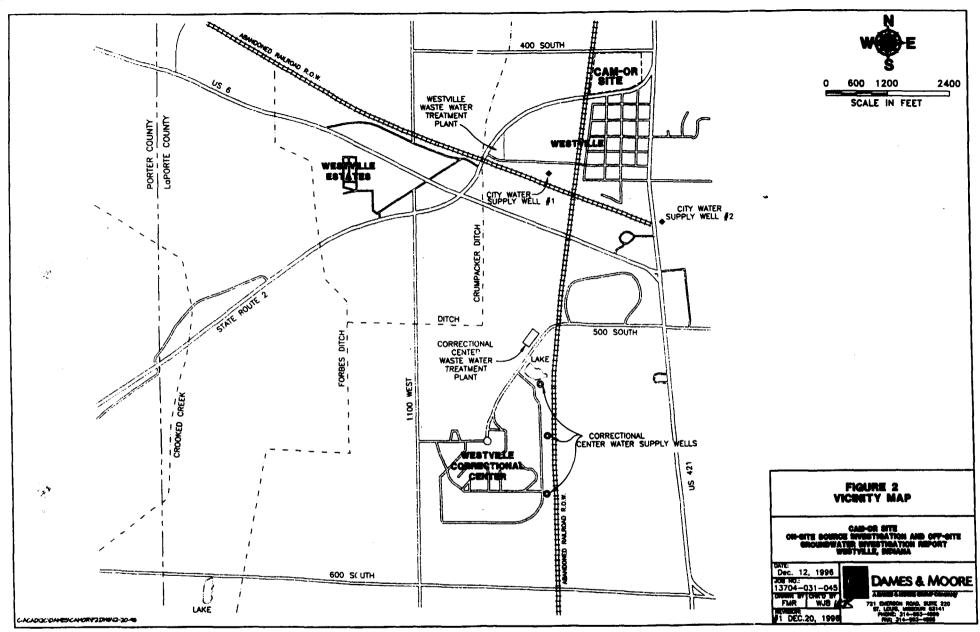
- Visibly impacted soil is present under a large portion of the western half of the Site.
- Petroleum constituents (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, tri-methyl benzene) are present on-site in the visibly impacted soil. Chlorinated and non-chlorinated solvents have also been detected on-site. Various polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs) are present, but only in the southwestern portion of the Site. 1,4-Dioxane was not detected in analyzed soil samples. However, the detection limit for 1,4-dioxane was elevated due to matrix interference.
- No constituents were detected in on-site soil samples at concentrations above the Indiana Department of Environmental Management's (IDEM's) VRP risk-based cleanup criteria except for two compounds (tetrachloroethene and vinyl chloride) which were detected in one sample at concentrations slightly above their respective criteria.
- Visibly impacted soil was observed at four locations within 200 feet south and southwest of the Site. Results of "fingerprinting analyses" performed on samples from two of the four locations indicate the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons and similarity between the samples.

Off-Site Groundwater Investigation

- Light Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid (LNAPL), not previously present, has been observed at MW-6, located 150 feet southwest of the Site.
- Groundwater flows southwesterly in a single, unconfined aquifer.
- Four compounds [benzene, cis-1,2-dichloroethene, trichloroethene, and bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (BEHP)] have been detected in downgradient groundwater samples at concentrations above IDEM VRP residential groundwater criteria. The only one of these found distant from the Site was BEHP, a common sampling and laboratory artifact, which was detected sporadically and inconsistantly and is not considered to be related to the Site.

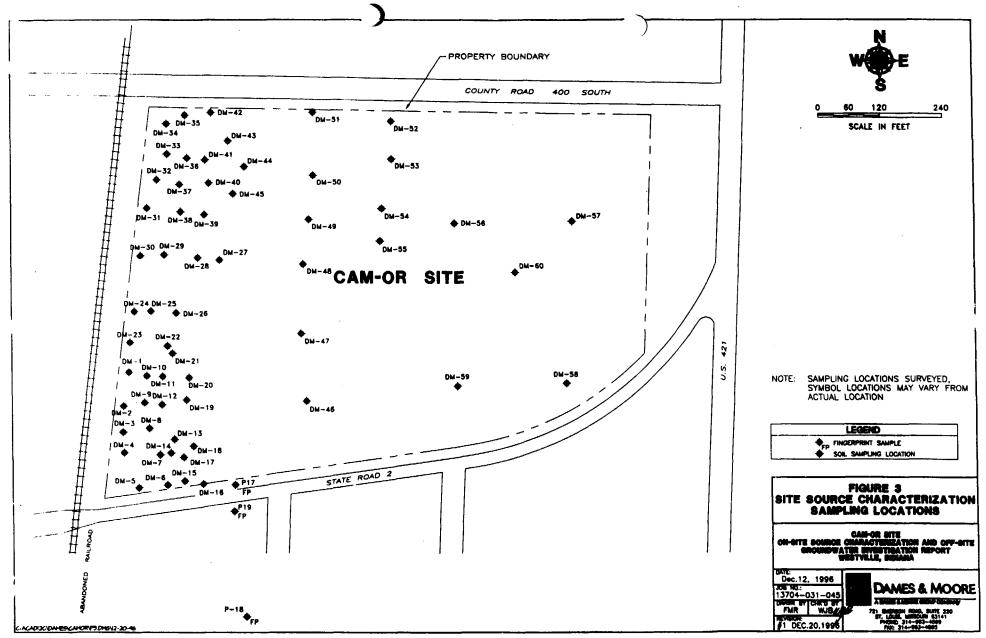
- Analyses of groundwater samples from the sentinel well cluster installed between the Site and the Westville municipal supply well have not indicated the presence of any constituent of concern. The only sporadic and inconsistent detection has been for BEHP, which is not considered to be related to the Site.
- A single constituent of concern, 1,4-dioxane, has been detected in groundwater samples collected at depth as far as approximately 3,000 feet southwest of the Site near the intersection of US 6 and SR 2. This compound, which does not have an IDEM standard, appears to be present in a laterally- and vertically-localized plume. It has not been detected in the shallow portion of the aquifer beyond the immediate vicinity of the Site. At some locations within the plume, concentrations increase with depth. The horizontal extent of the plume has not been completely defined, and it appears to be moving in a more southerly direction beyond the immediate vicinity of the Site.
- All potential groundwater receptors within one mile downgradient of the Site have been identified. The nearest downgradient water supply well is located approximately 1,800 feet from the Site. No Site-related constituents have been detected in any of the 16 water supply wells within one mile downgradient of the Site, plus the Correctional Center well located 1.25 miles from the Site.

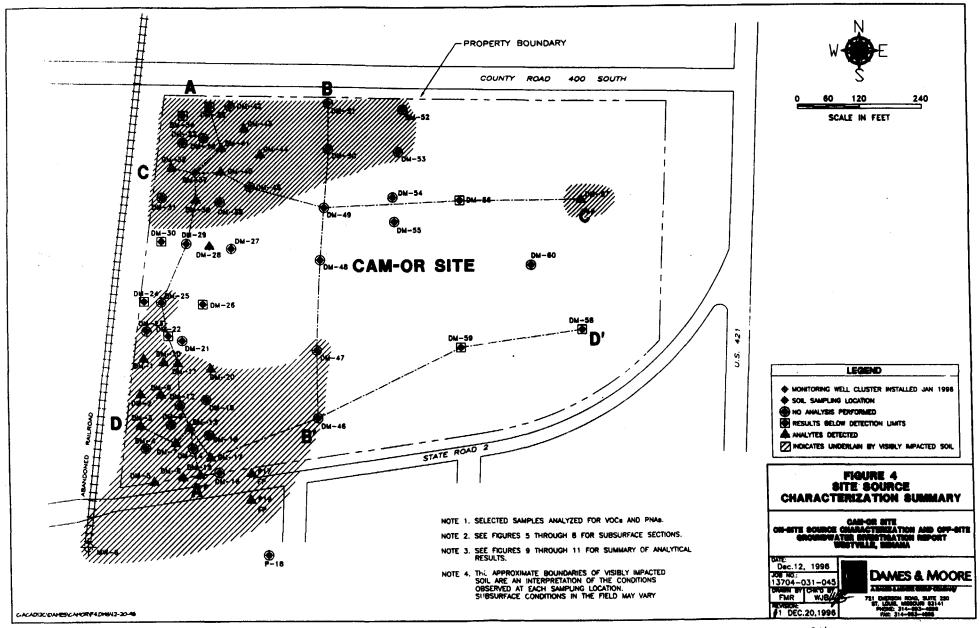


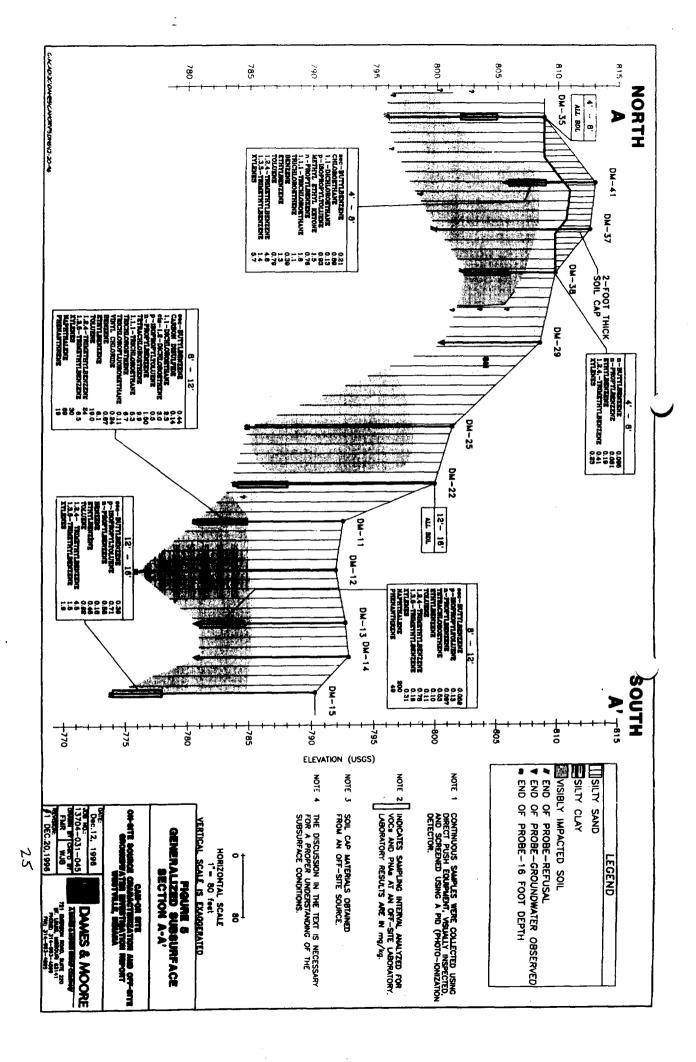


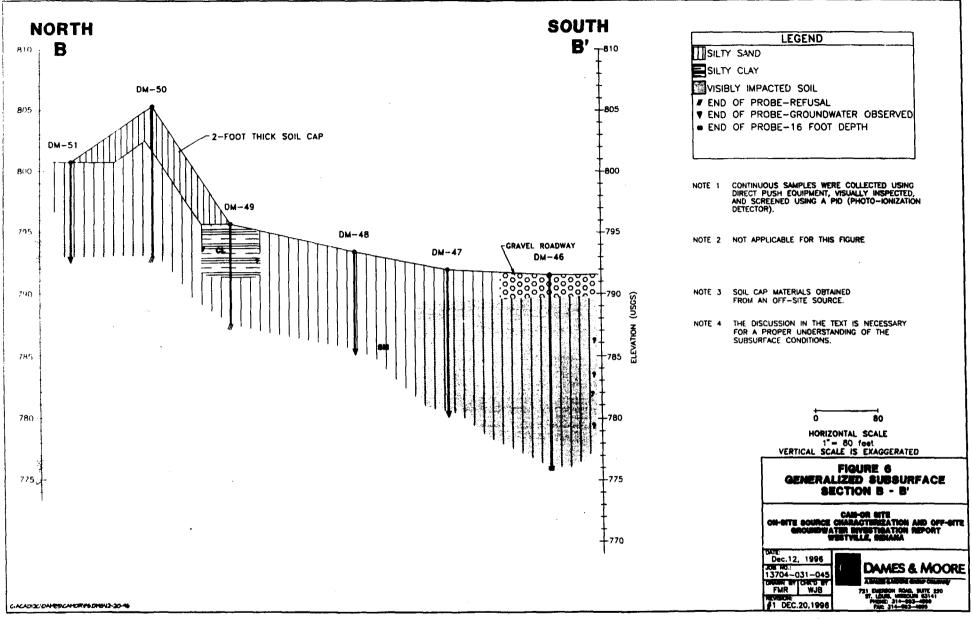
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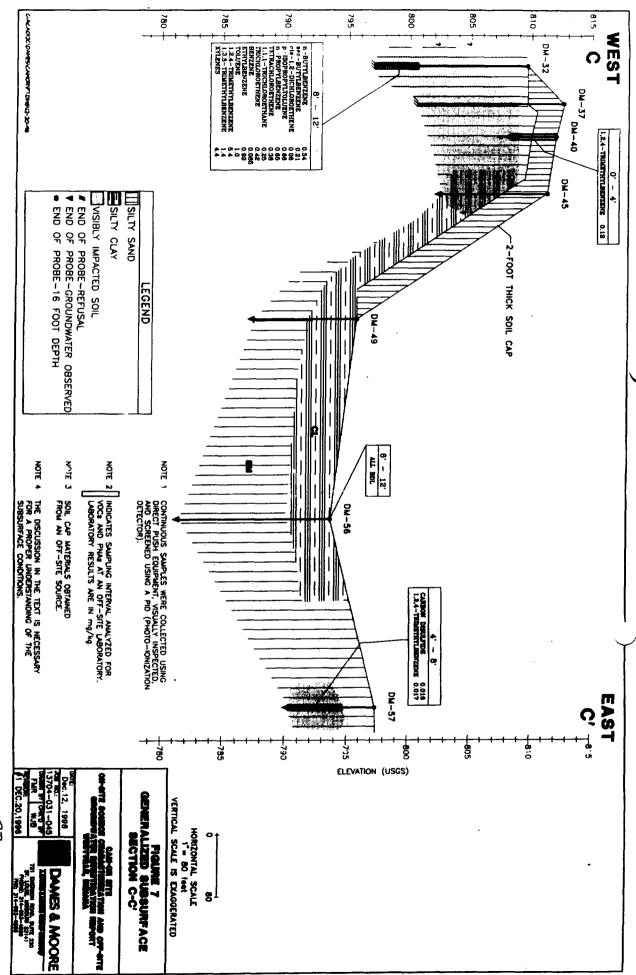
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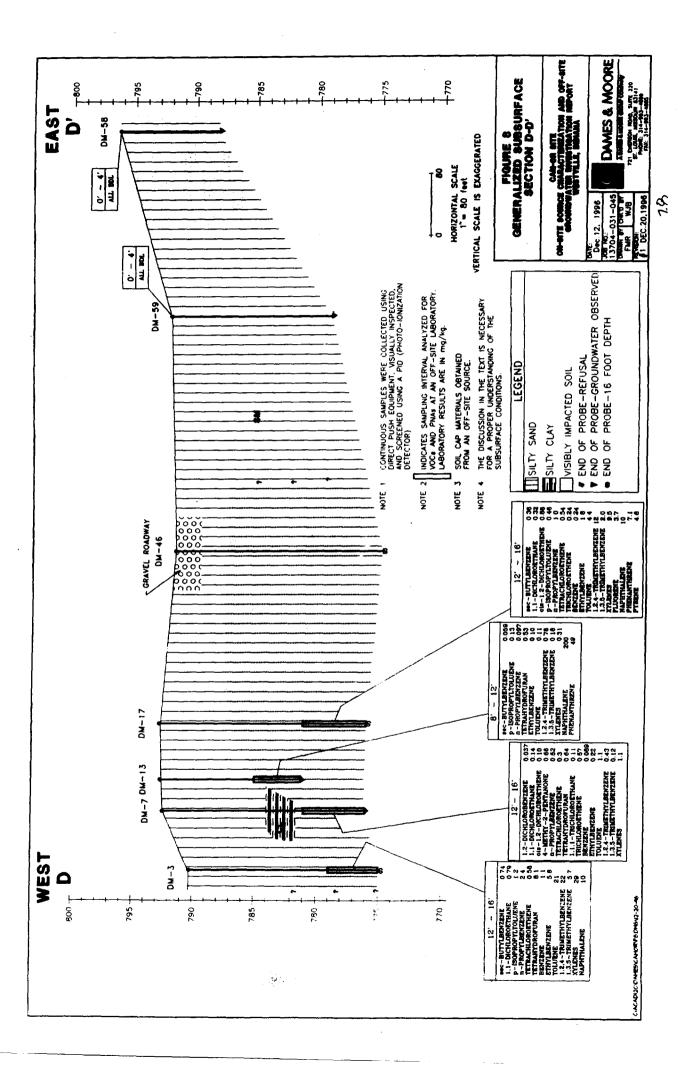


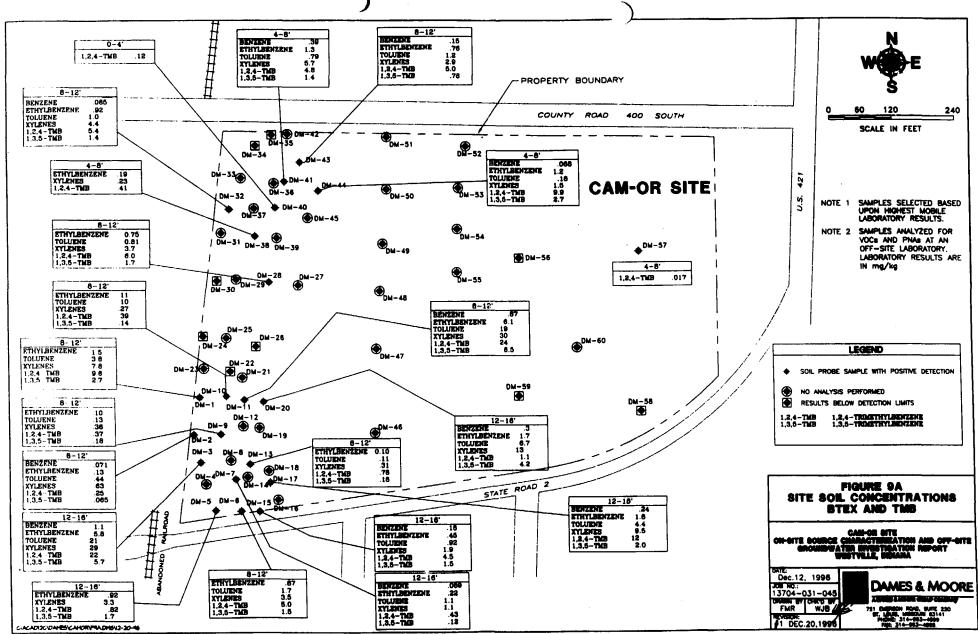


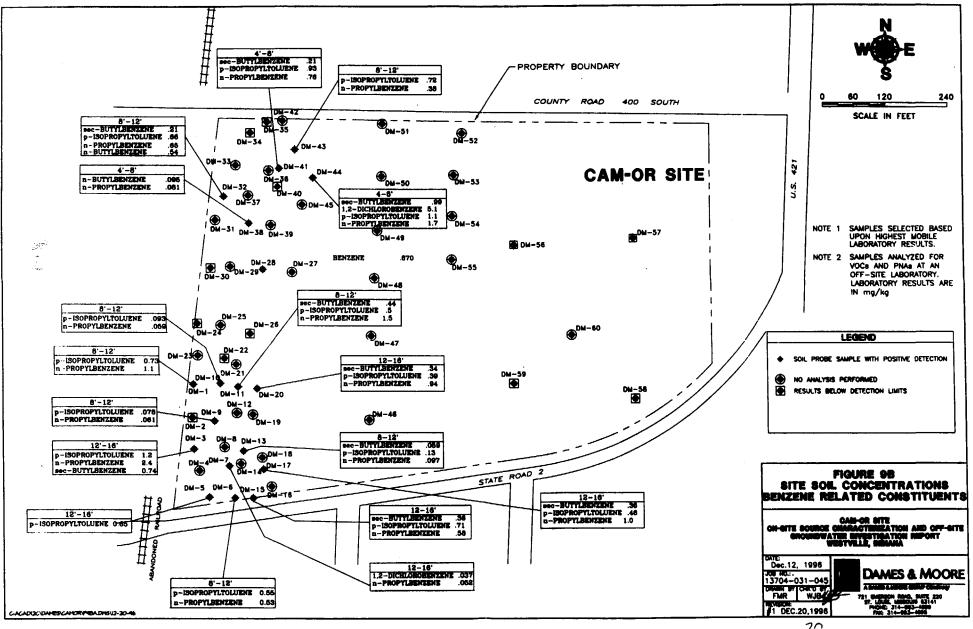


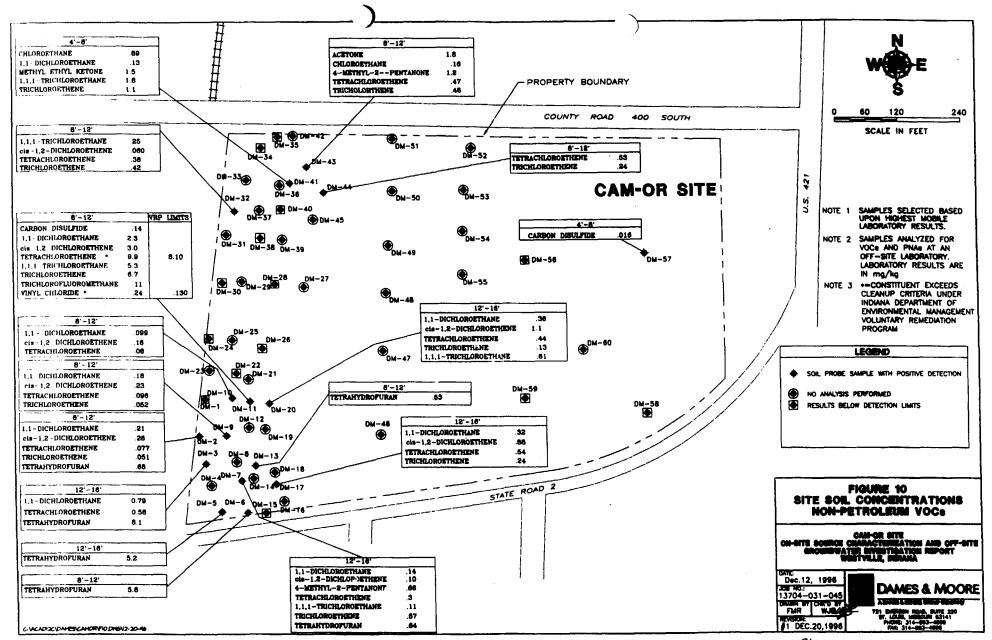


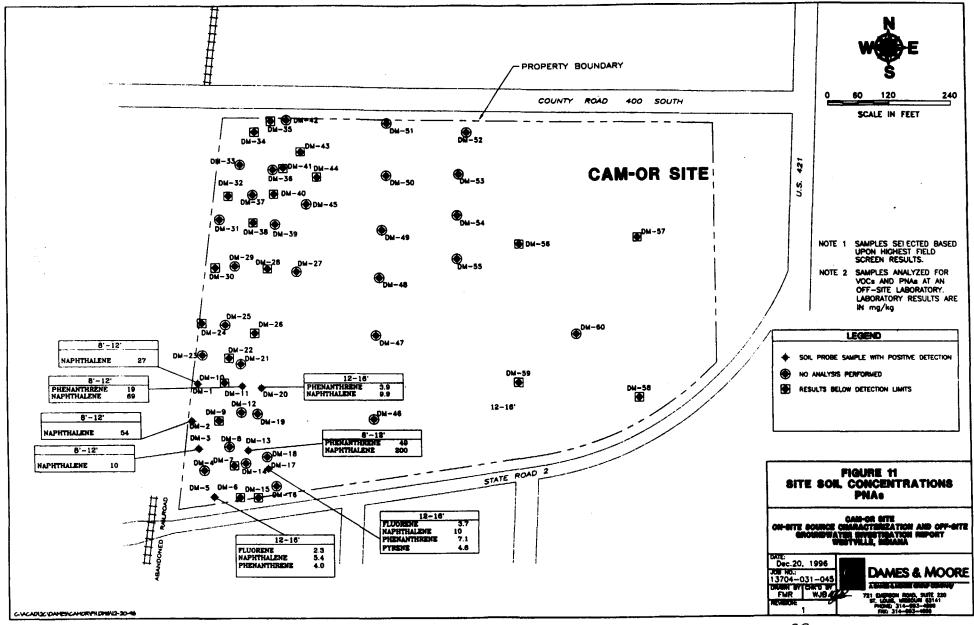


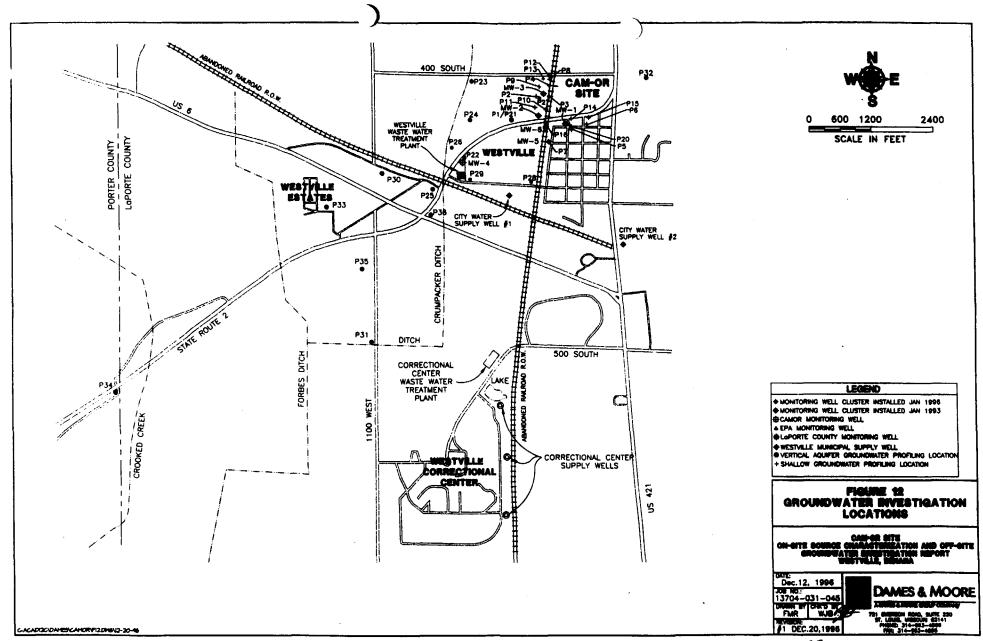


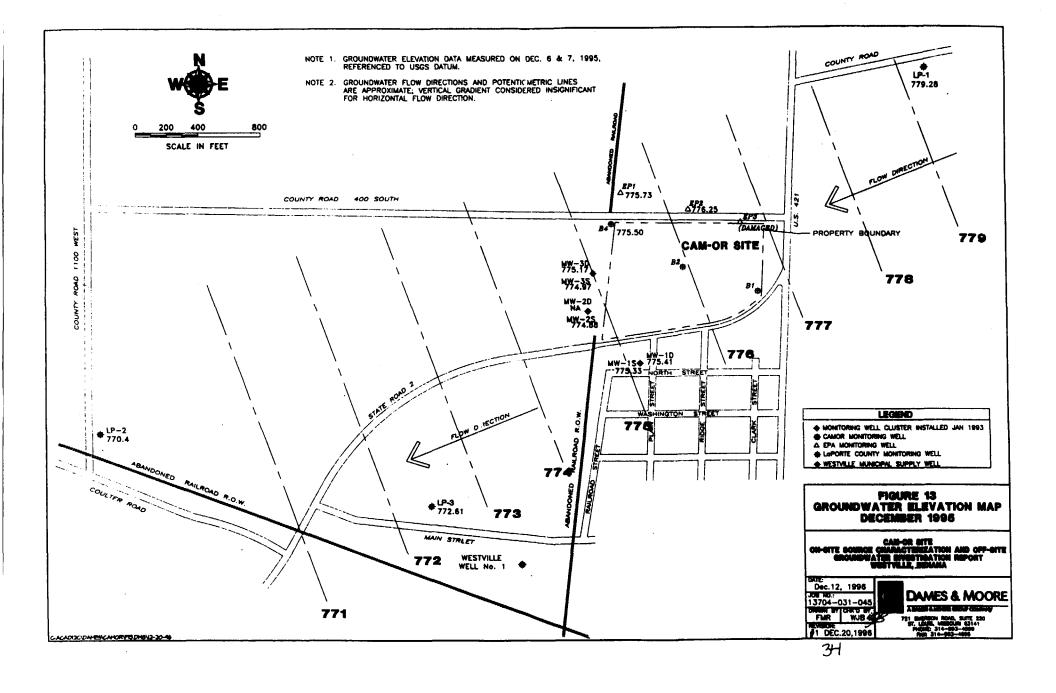


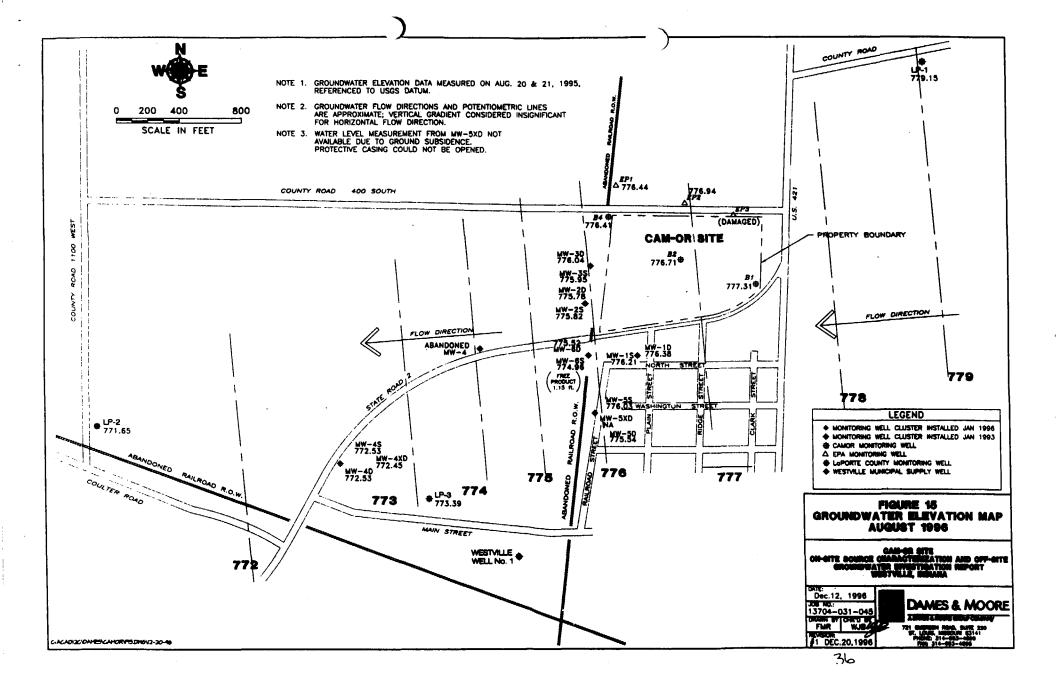


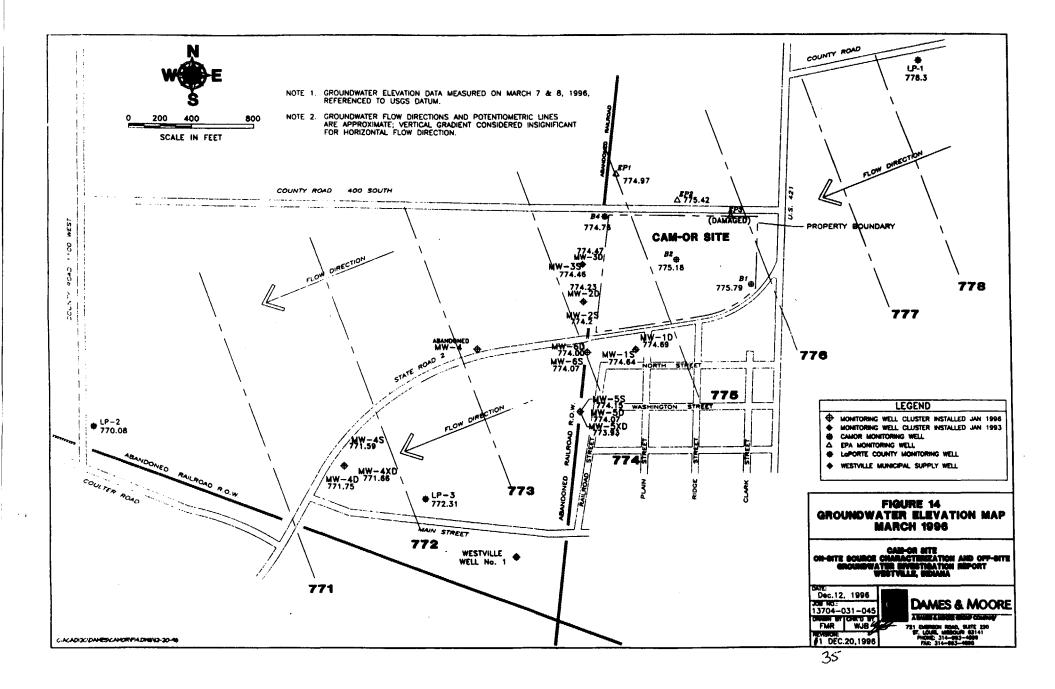


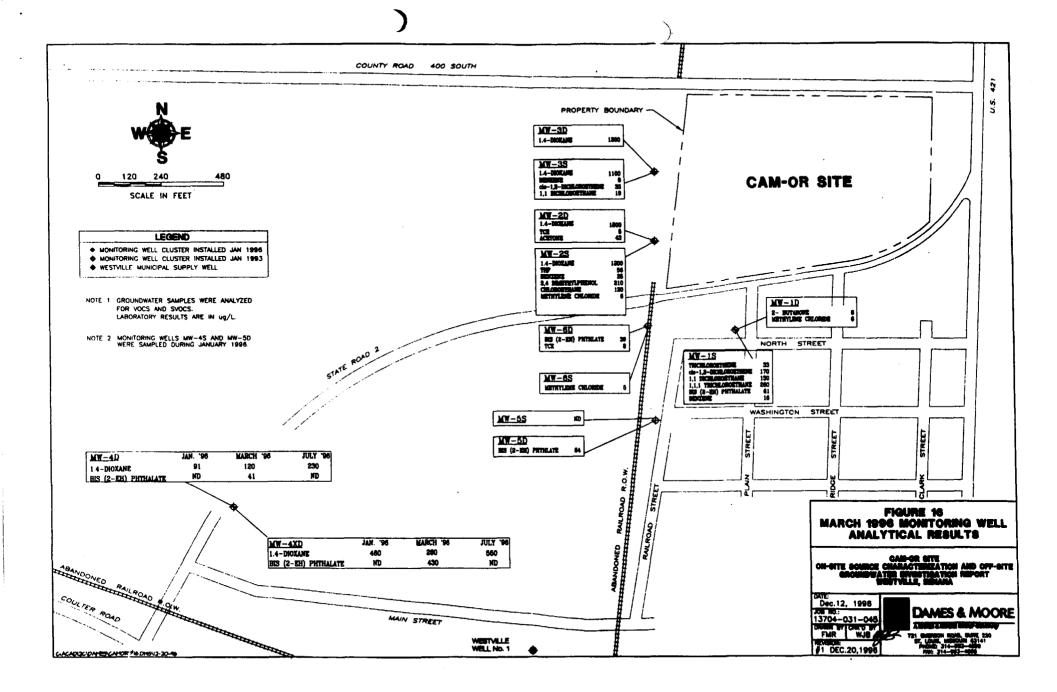


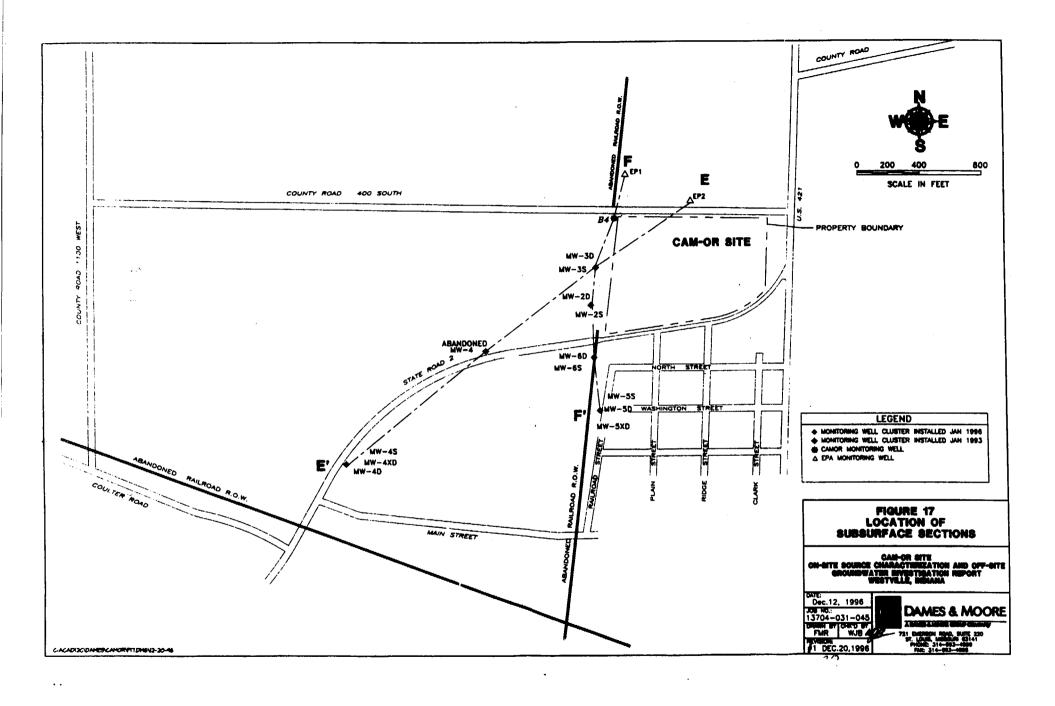


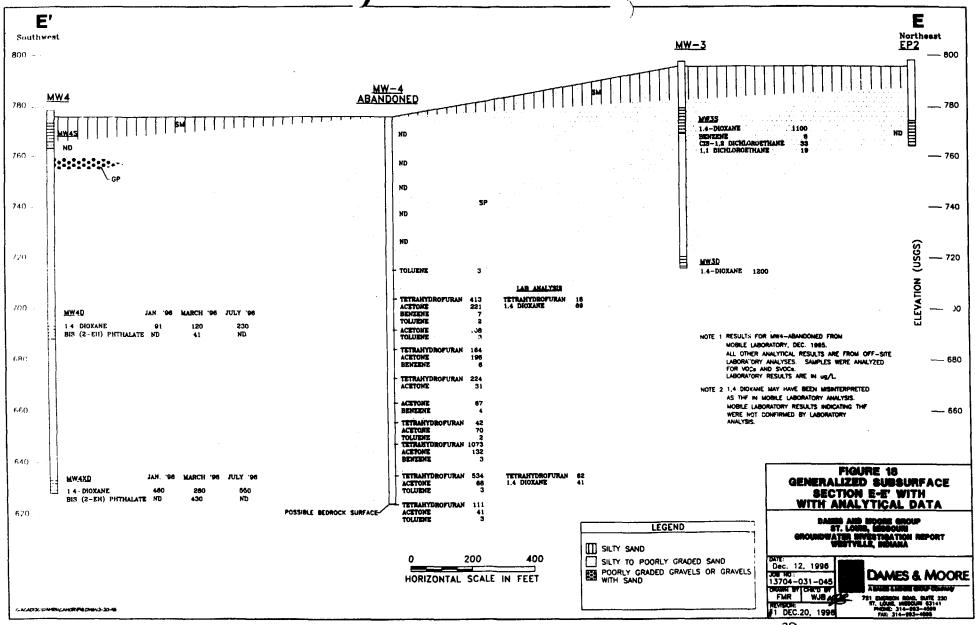


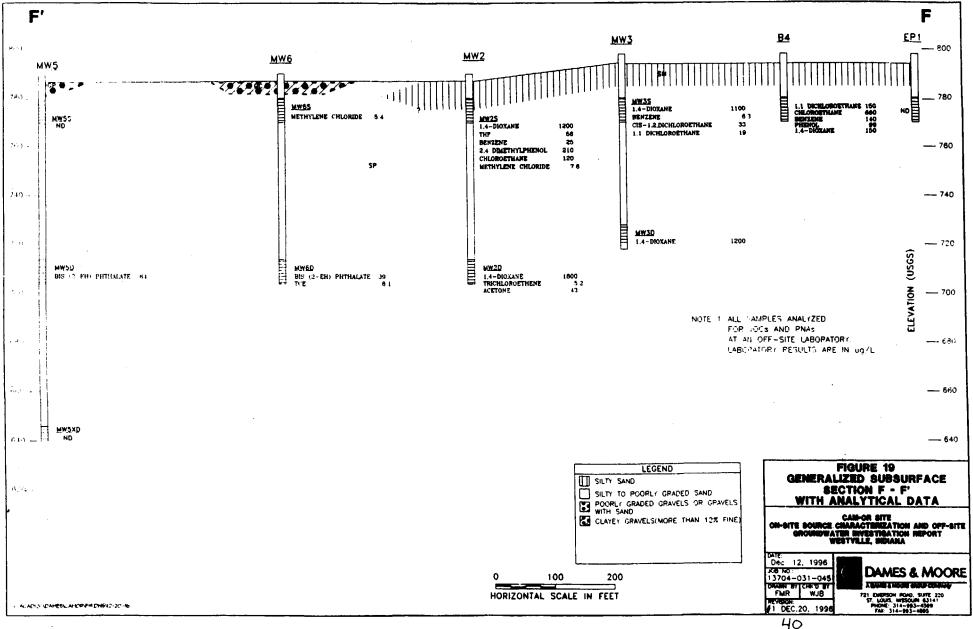


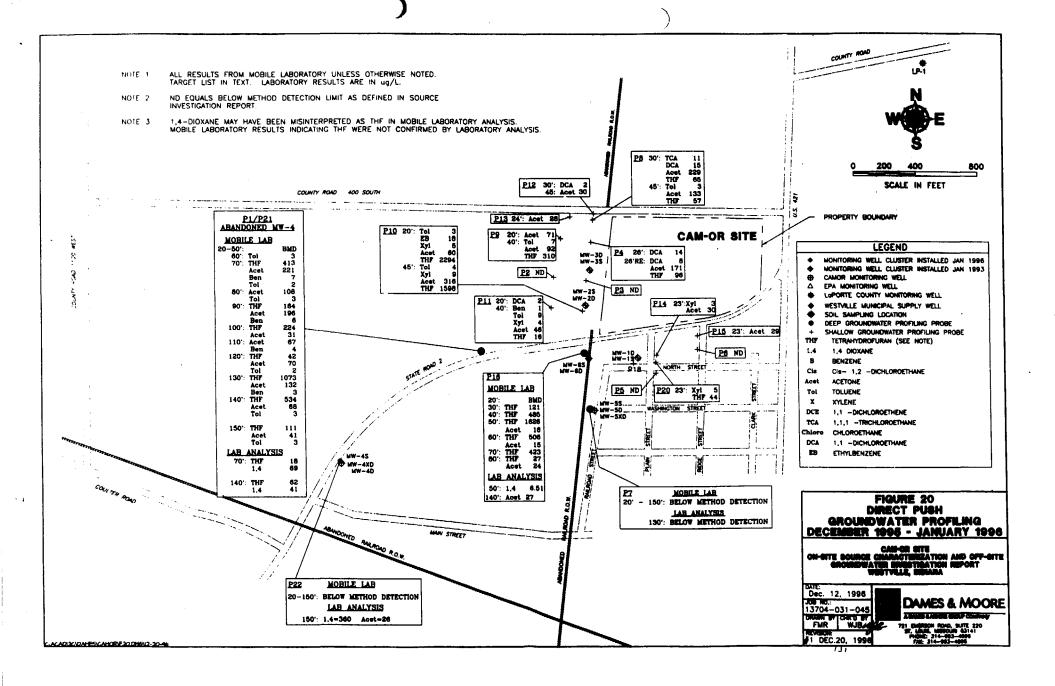


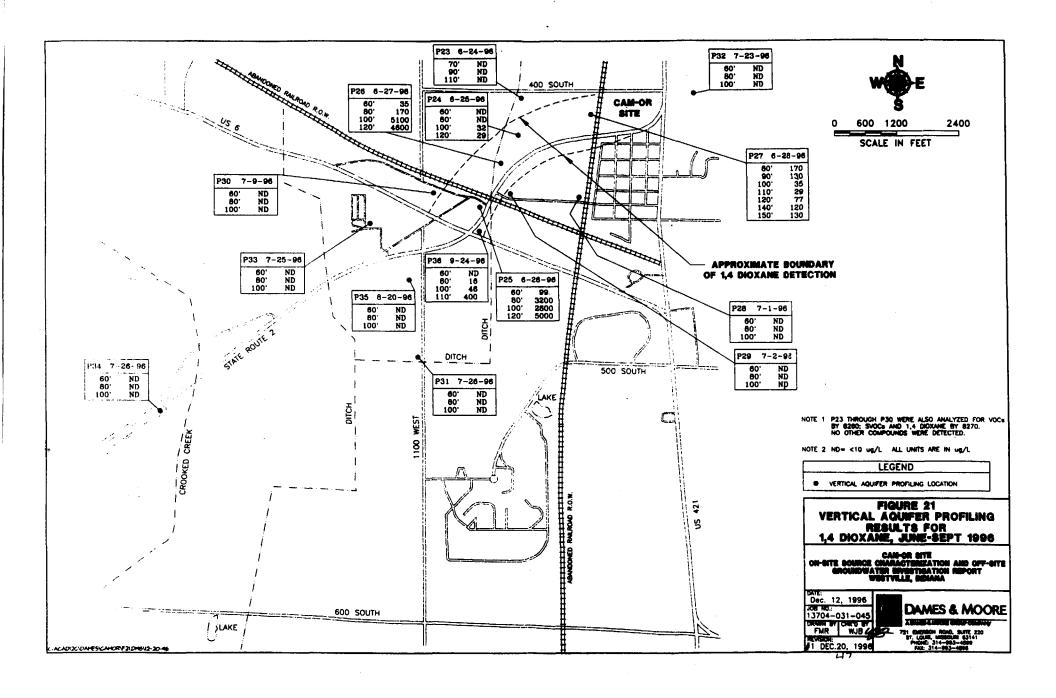












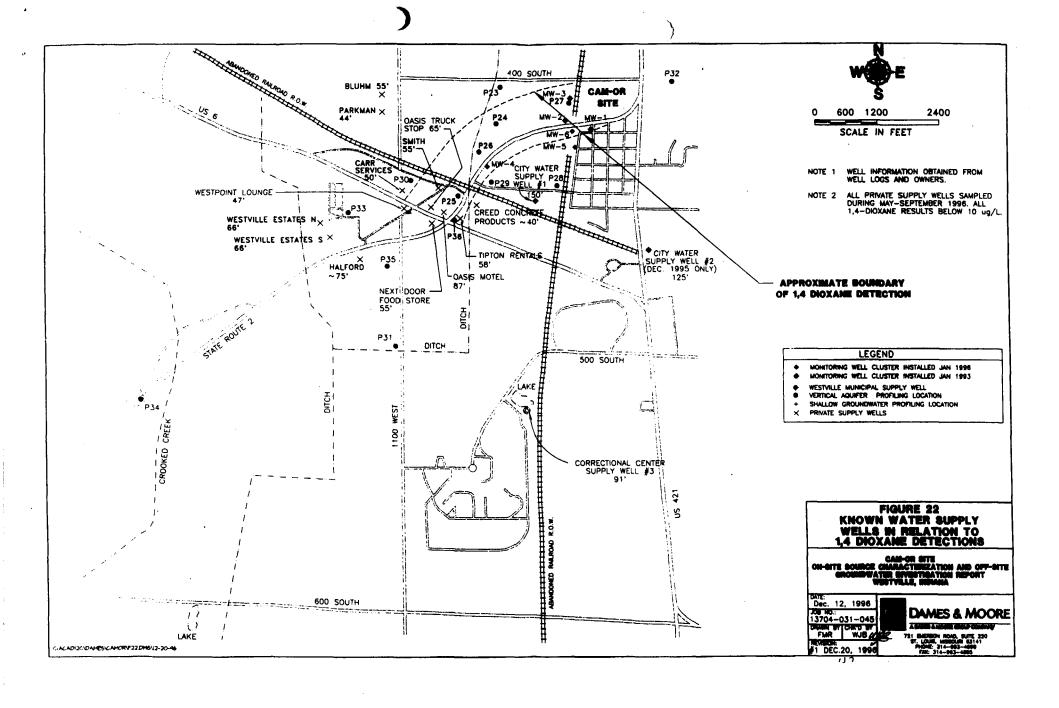


TABLE 1 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS **CAM-OR SITE - WESTVILLE, INDIANA** DM3 SAMPLE NO. DM₁ DM₂ DM5 DM6 DM7 DM9 **DM10 DM11 DM13 DM15 DM17 DM20 DM22 IDEM** Criteria mg/kg **DEPTH** 8-12 8-12 12-16 12-16 8-12 12-16 8-12 8-12 8-12 8-12 12-16 12-16 12-16 12-16 **VOCs BDL BDL** BDL **BDL BDL** BDL **BDL** BDL. **BDL** Acetone **BDL** BDL **BDL BDL BDL** 136.29 Carbon Disulfide **BDL** BDL BDL. **BDL BDL BDL BDL** BDL 0.14 BDI. BDL **BDL BDL BDL** NA **BDL BDL BDL** 1.000 Chloroethane 0.099 **BDL** 0.21 0.79 **BDL** BDL 0.14 0.18 2.3 BDL **BDL** 0.32 1,1-Dichloroethane 0.36 **BDL** 1,000 cis-1,2-**BDL** 0.26 **BDL BDL** BDL 0.10 0.23 0.16 3.0 **BDL BDL** 0.88 1.1 **BDL** 102.48 Dichloroethene **BDL BDL BDL** BDL **BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL** Methyl Ethyl BDL **BDL** BDL BDL **BDL** 146.24 Ketone **BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL** 0.66 BDL **BDL BDL BDL** BDL **BDL BDL BDL** 407.48 4-Methyl 2-Pentanone 0.096 0.077 0.58 **BDL BDL** 0.3 0.06 9.9 **BDL BDL** 0.54 Tetrachloroethene **BDL** 0.44 BDL 8.01 0.64 **BDL BDL BDL** 5.2 .53 **BDL BDL BDL** Tetrahydrofuran **BDL** 0.68 8.1 5.8 **BDL** NA **BDL BDL** BDL **BDL BDL** 0.11 **BDL** BDL 5.3 **BDL** BDL **BDL** 0.61 **BDL** 1,000 1,1,1-Trichloroethane **Trichloroethene BDL** 0.051 **BDL BDL BDL** 0.57 0.052 **BDL** 6.7 BDI. BDL 0.24 0.13 **BDL** 25.73 BDL. **BDL** BDL **BDL** BDL **BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL** BDL 0.11 **BDL** NA Trichlorofluoromethane **BDL BDL BDL** 0.24 BDL **BDL BDL** BDL **BDL BDL** BDL **BDL BDL** Vinvl Chloride **BDL** 0.13

Table 1 - Page 1

Notes:

All results are reported in mg/kg (milligrams per kilogram or parts per million)
Only constituents with one or more detections are shown in this table.

BDL Below Detection Limit

Samples were analyzed for full SW-846 Method 8260 (VOC) and 8270 (PNA) lists Depths are sample collection intervals reported in feet below ground surface.

TABLE 1 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS CAM-OR SITE - WESTVILLE, INDIANA

						CAMI-UI	CSITE -	MESI A	LLE, II	DIANA							
SAMPLE NO.	DM24	DM26	DM28	DM30	DM32	DM34	DM35	DM38	DM40	DM41	DM43	DM44	DM56	DM57	DM58	DM59	IDEM Criteria mg/kg
DEPTH	8-12	8-12	8-12	12-16	8-12	8-12	4-8	4-8	0-4	4-8	8-12	4-8	8-12	4-8	0-4	0-4	
VOCs																	
Acetone	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.8	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	136.29
Carbon Disulfide	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	.016	BDL	BDL	NA
Chloroethane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.89	0.16	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,000
1,1-Dichloroethane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.13	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,000
cis-1,2- Dichloroethene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.060	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	102.48
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	146.24
4-Methyl 2- Pentanone	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.2	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	407.48
Tetrachloroethane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.38	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.47	0.53	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	8.01
Tetrahydrofuran	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
1,1,1- Trichloroethane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.25	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.8	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,000
Trichloroethene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	0.42	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.1	0.46	0.24	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	25 .73
Trichlorofluoromethane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
Vinyl Chloride	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.13

Notes:

All results are reported in mg/kg (milligrams per kilogram or parts per million) Only constituents with one or more detections are shown in this table.

BDL Below Detection Limit

Samples were analyzed for full SW-846 Method 8260 (VOC) and 8270 (PNA) lists Depths are sample collection intervals reported in feet below ground surface.

TABLE 1 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS CAM-OR SITE - WESTVILLE, INDIANA

		,,,				CAM-OI	R SITE -	WESTVI	LLE, IN	DIANA							
SAMPLE NO.	DM1	DM2	DM3	DM5	DM6	DM7	DM9	DM10	DM11	DM13	DM15	DM17	DM20	DM22	DM24	DM26	IDEM Criteria mg/kg
DEPTH	8-12	8-12	12-16	12-16	8-12	12-16	8-12	8-12	8-12	8-12	12-16	12-16	12-16	12-16	8-12	8-12	
BENZENE RELATED VOCs				١													
Benzene	BDL	0.071	1.1	BDL	BDL	0.089	BDL	BDL	0.87	BDL	0.18	0.24	0.3	BDL	BDL	BDL	4.77
Ethylbenzene	1.5	0.13	5.8	0.92	0.87	0.22	0.10	0.11	6.1	0.10	0.45	1.8	1.7	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,000
Toluene	3.8	0.44	21	BDL	1.7	1.1	0.13	0.10	19.0	0.11	0.92	4.4	6.7	BDL	BDL	BDL,	1,000
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	9.6	0.25	22	0.82	5.0	0.43	0.37	0.39	24.0	0.78	4.5	12	1.1	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	2.7	0.065	5.7	1.7	1.5	0.12	0.18	0.14	6.5	0.18	1.5	2.0	4.2	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
Xylenes (total)	7.8	0.63	29	3.3	3.5	1.1	0.36	0.27	30	0.31	1.9	9.5	13	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,000
n-Butylbenzene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
sec-Butylbenzene	BDL	BDL	0.74	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.44	0.059	0.36	0.36	0.34	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.037	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	10,000
p-Isopropyltoluene	0.73	BDL	1.2	0.65	0.55	BDL	0.078	0.093	0.5	0.13	0.71	0.46	0.39	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
n-Propylbenzene	1.1	BDL	2.4	BDL	0.53	0.052	0.061	0.059	1.5	0.097	0.58	1.0	0.94	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
PNAs																5-3	
Fluorene	BDL	BDL	BDL	2.3	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	3.7	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	10,000
Napthalene	27	54	10	5.4	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	69	200	BDL	10	9.9	BDL	BDL	BDL	10,000
Phenanthrene	BDL	BDL	BDL	4.0	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	19	49	BDL	7.1	3.9	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
Pyrene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	4.6	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	10,000
1,4-Dioxane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA

Notes:

All results are reported in mg/kg (milligrams per kilogram or parts per million)

Only constituents with one or more detections are shown in this table.

BDL Below Detection Limit

Samples were analyzed for full SW-846 Method 8260 (VOC) and 8270 (PNA) lists Depths are sample collection intervals reported in feet below ground surface.

TABLE 1 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS CAM-OR SITE - WESTVILLE, INDIANA

					CAM-U	R SITE -	WESTV	ILLE, I	IDIANA						
SAMPLE NO.	DM28	DM30	DM32	DM34	DM35	DM38	DM40	DM41	DM43	DM44	DM56	DM57	DM58	DM59	IDEM Criteria mg/kg
DEPTH	8-12	12-16	8-12	8-12	4-8	4-8	0-4	4-8	8-12	4-8	8-12	4-8	0-4	04	
BENZENE RELATED VOCs			•												
Benzene	BDL	BDL	0.085	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.39	0.15	0.068	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	4.77
Ethylbenzene	0.75	BDL	0.92	BDL	BDL	0.19	BDL	1.3	0.76	1.2	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,000
Toluene	0.81	BDL	1.0	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.79	1.2	0.18	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,000
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	6.0	BDL	5.4	BDL	BDL	0.41	0.12	4.8	5.0	9.9	BDL	0.017	BDL	BDL	NA
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.7	BDL	1.4	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.4	0.78	2.7	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
Xylenes (total)	3.7	BDL	4.4	BDL	BDL	0.23	BDL	5.7	2.9	1.5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,000
n-Butylbenzene	BDL	BDL	0.54	BDL	BDL	0.095	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
sec-Butylbenzene	BDL	BDL	0.21	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.21	BDL	0.99	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	5.1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDŁ	10,000
p-Isop-opyltoluene	BDL	BDL	0.66	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.93	0.72	1.1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
n-Propylbenzene	BDL	BDL	0.65	BDL	BDL	0.081	BDL	0.76	0.38	1.7	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
PNAs															
Fluorene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	10,000
Napthalene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	10,000
Phenanthrene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA
Pyrene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	10,000
1,4-Dioxane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA

Notes:

All results are reported in mg/kg (milligrams per kilogram or parts per million)

Only constituents with one or more detections are shown in this table.

Below Detection Limit BDL

Samples were analyzed for full SW-846 Method 8260 (VOC) and 8270 (PNA) lists Depths are sample collection intervals reported in feet below ground surface.

TABLE 2 **GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS** CAMOD SITE WESTVILLE INDIANA

			CA	M-OR SITE - V	VESTVILLE	. INDIANA				γ
	Top of Casing Elevation	Date	Depth to Groundwater ⁴	Groundwater Elevation	Date	Depth to Groundwater	Groundwater Elevation	Date	Depth to Groundwater	Groundwater Elevation
LP1	817.08	12/6/95	37.8	779.28	3/8/96	38.78	778.30	8/20/96	37.93	779.15
LP2	787.12	12/6/95	16.72	770.40	3/8/96	17.04	770.08	8/20/96	15.47	771.65
LP3	784.36	12/6/95	11.75	772.61	3/8/96	12.05	772.31	8/20/96	10.97	773.39
EP1	801.60	12/6/95	24.4	777.20	3/8/96	25.16	776.44	8/21/96	23.63	777.97
EP2	798.10	12/6/95	. 21.85	776.25	3/8/96	22.68	775.42	8/21/96	21.16	776.94
B4	798.73	12/6/95	23.23	775.50	3/8/96	23.97	774.76	8/21/96	22.32	776.41
B2	796.18	12/6/95	NA ¹	<u></u>	3/8/96	21.00	775.18	8/21/96	19.47	~ 776.71
B1	808.51	12/6/95	NA ^I		3/8/96	32.72	775.79	8/21/96	31.2	777.31
MW1S	792.30	12/7/95	16.97	775.33	3/7/96	17.66	774.64	8/21/96	16.09	776.21
MW1D	792.52	12/7/95	17.11	775.41	3/7/96	17.83	774.69	8/21/96	16.14	776.38
MW2S	790.77	12/6/95	15.89	774.88	3/7/96	16.57	774.20	8/21/96	14.95	775.82
MW2D	790.79	12/6/95	NA ¹		3/7/96	16.56	774.23	8/21/96	15.01	775.78
MW3S	797.40	12/6/95	22.43	774.97	3/7/96	22.94	774.46	8/21/96	21.45	775.95
MW3D	797.60	12/6/95	22.43	775.17	3/7/96	23.13	774.47	8/21/96	21.56	776.04
MW4S	778.30		NA ²		3/8/96	6.71	771.59	8/21/96	5.77	772.53
MW4D	778.41		NA ²		3/8/96	6.66	771.75	8/21/96	5.88	772.53
MW4XD	778.37		NA ²		3/8/96	6.71	771.66	8/21/96	5.92	772.45
MW5S	789.33		NA ²		3/8/96	15.18	774.15	8/21/96	13.3	776.03
MW5D	789.27		NA ²		3/8/96	15.2	774.07	8/21/96	13.73	775.54
MW5XD	789.07		NA ²		3/8/96	15.14	773.93	8/21/96	NA ³	
MW6S	791.93		NA ²		3/8/96	17.86	774.07	8/21/96	16.97	774.96
MW6D	791.99		NA ²		3/8/96	17.99	774.00	8/21/96	16.47	775.52

Notes:

Well inaccessible due to inclement weather conditions (sub-zero temperatures)

Well not yet installed
 Well inaccessible due to ground subsidence and the protective cover resting atop the well casing
 Measurement from top of casing

					OR OHID - W							
Constituent	IDEM VRP	B-1	B-2 Dup	B-2	B-4	EP-2				MW1S		
Constituent	Cleanup Goals ¹	Jan '96	Jan '96	Jan '96	Jan '96	Jan '96	Nov '92	June '93	Aug '93	June '94	Jan '96	Mar '96
Semi-Volatiles by 8270												
bis (2-EH) Phthalate	6	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	61
Dimethylphthalate	304,000	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Methylnapthene		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,4-Dioxane		BDL	170²	180²	150²	BDL	NA	NA	NA	NA	BDL	BDL
2,4 Dimethylphenol	·	BDL	BDL	BDL	99²	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Volatiles by 8240												
Acetone	3,040	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Benzene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	140²	BDL	13	49/49	25/53	20	BDL	16
Chloroethane	23,160.75	BDL	BDL	BDL	660²	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Chloromethane		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL	BDL	BDL
cis-1,2 DCE	70	BDL	650²	630²	BDL	BDL	190⁴	490/480 ⁴	170/2404	150	87²	170
Methylene Chloride		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	26²	BDL	BDL
Tetrahydrofuran		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Trichloroethene	5	BDL	27B²	28B²	BDL	BDL	6	30/30	16/22	22	360B²	33
1,1 Dichloroethane	640	BDL	140²	140²	84 ²	BDL	27	110/110	36/59	70	522	BDL
1,1,1 TCA	200	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	110	520/500	140/220³	190	87 ²	260
1,2 Dichloroethane	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Butanone		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL

Notes:

All values are in ug/L (micrograms per liter or parts per billion) Below method detection limited using EPA SW-846 Method 8240

BDL Below method detection limited using for VOCs and 8270 for SVOCs.

Residential cleamup scenario.

Value requalified as estimated.

B NA Indicates analyte detected in field blank which was collected by passing distilled water through a submersible pump. Not Analyzed

2

Considered to be sampling or laboratory artifacts based on the results resampling duplicate and split samples.

Total cis and trans 1,2-dichloroethene

		<u>, ., </u>			***************************************	201 (1222)							
Constituent	IDEM VRP			M	fW-1D					M	W-2S		
Constituent	Cleanup Goals ¹	Nov '92	June'93	Aug '93	June '94	Jan '96	Mar '96	Nov '92	June'93	Aug '93	June '94	Jan '96	Mar'96
Semi-Volatiles by 8270													
bis (2-EH) Phthalate	6	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	15	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Dimethylphthalate	304,000	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Methylnapthene		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,4-Dioxane		NA	NA	NA	NA	BDL	BDL	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,3002	1,200
2,4 Dimethylphenol		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	92	130	110	17/20	180² 🦿	210
2-Picoline		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	50	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Volatiles by 8240								<u> </u>					
Acetone	3,040	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	47²	BDL	BDL
Benzene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	11/10	23²	25
Chloroethane	23,160.75	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	62/25	BDL	120
Chloromethane	;	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	98²	BDL
cis-1,2 DCE	70	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Methylene Chloride		BDL	BDL	BDL	19	BDL	6	BDL	BDL	BDL	16²/BDL	BDL	8
Tetrahydrofuran		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	540	2,000	53	350/560	200²	56
Trichloroethene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	470B ²	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	270B ²	BDL
1,1 Dichloroethane	640	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,1,1 TCA	200	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,2 Dichloroethane	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Butanone		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	60	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL

Notes:

All values are in ug/L (micrograms per liter or parts per billion)

BDL Below method detection limited using EPA SW-846 Method 8240 for VOCs and 8270 for SVOCs.

- Residential cleanup scenario.
- Value requalified as estimated.

- B Indicates analyte detected in field blank which was collected by passing distilled water through a submersible pump.

 NA Not Analyzed
 - Considered to be sampling or laboratory artifacts based on the results resampling duplicate and split samples.
 - Total cis and trans 1,2-dichloroethene

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				<u> </u>		COT VIDEDE,							
Constituent	IDEM VRP			М	W-2D					Μ\	W-3S		
	Cleanup Goals ^t	Nov '92	June'93	Aug '93	June '94	Jan '96	Mar '96	Nov '92	June'93	Aug '93	June '94	Jan '96	Mar '96
Semi-Volatiles by 8270													
bis (2-EH) Phthalate	6	19	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	24	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Dimethylphthalate	304,000	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Methylnapthene		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,4-Dioxane		NA	NA	NA	NA	7,600²	1,800	NA	NA	- NA	NA	1,300²	1,100
2,4 Dimethylphenol		37	BDL	BDL	31	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Volatiles by 8240													
Acetone	3,040	BDL	BDL	BDL	472	BDL	43	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Benzene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	6
Chloroethane	23,160.75	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Chloromethane		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
cis-1,2 DCE	70	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	644	644	414	144	BDL	33
Mett /lene Chloride		BDL	BDL	BDL	16²	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	6²	312	BDL
Tetrahydrofuran		130	BDL	94	BDL	BDL	BDL	150	88	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Trichloroethene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	380B ²	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	350B ²	BDL
1,1 Dichloroethane	640	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	14	17	12	6	16²	19
1,1,1 TCA	200	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,2 Dichloroethane	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2 Hexanone		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	14	18	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Butanone		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Vinyl Chloride	2	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	17	10	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL

Notes:

All values are in ug/L (micrograms per liter or parts per billion)
Below method detection limited using EPA SW-846 Method 8240

BDL Below method detection limited u for VOCs and 8270 for SVOCs.

Residential cleanup scenario.

lion) 9240 В

NA

Indicates analyte detected in field blank which was collected by passing distilled water through a submersible pump. Not Analyzed

² Considered to be sampling or laboratory artifacts based on the results resampling duplicate and split samples.

Total cis and trans 1,2-dichler *thene

Value requalified as estimated.

Dames & Moore Job No. 13704-031-045

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Constituent	IDEM VRP Cleanup Goals ¹				MW-	3D			MW-4S		MW-4D	
		Nov '92	June'93	Aug '93	June '94	Jan '96	Mar '96	Mar '96 Duplicate	Jan '96	Jan'96	Mar '96	July'96
Semi-Volatiles by 8270												
bis (2-EH) Phthalate	6	BDL	'BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	41	BDL
Dimethylphthalate	304,000	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL
2-Methylnapthene		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL
1,4-Dioxane		NA	NA	NA	NA	1,600	1,200²	900	BDL	91 ²	260	230
2,4 Dimethylphenol		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Volatiles by 8240												
Acetone	3,040	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Benzene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Chioroethane	23,160.75	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Chloromethane		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL
cis-1,2 DCE	70	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Methylene Chloride		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Tetrahydrofuran		230	60	48	46	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Trichloroethene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1,100B	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,1 Dichloroethane	640	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,1,1 TCA	200	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,2 Dichloroethane	5	BDL.	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Butanone		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL

Notes:

All values are in ug/L (micrograms per liter or parts per billion)

BDL

Below method detection limited using EPA SW-846 Method 8240

for VOCs and 8270 for SVOCs.

Residential cleanup scenario. Value requalified as estimated. Indicates analyte detected in field blank which was collected by passing distilled water through a submersible pump. Not Analyzed

2 Considered to be sampling or laboratory artifacts based on the results resampling duplicate and split samples. Total cis and trans 1,2-dichloroethene

В

NA

Constituent	IDEM VRP Cleanup Goals ¹		MW-4XD		MV	V5S	MW5S DUP		MW5D		MW5XD	M	W6S
		Jan '96	Mar'96	July '96	Jan '96	Mar '96	Jan '96	Jan '96	Маг '96	Mar '96 Dup	Jan '96	Jan 96	Mar '96
Semi-Volatiles by 8279													
bis (2-EH) Phthalate	6	BDL	130	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	122	64	64	57²	BDL	BDL
Dimethylphthalate	304,000	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	16²	BDL	BDL
2-Methylnapthene		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	35²	BDL
1,4-Dioxane		460²	550	230	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2,4 Dimethylphenol		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Volatilesby 8240													
Acetone	3,040	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Benzene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Chloroethane	23,160.75	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Chloromethane		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
cis-1,2 DCE	70	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Methylene Chloride		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	5.4
Tetrahydrofuran		BDL	BDL	BDL	65²	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Trichloroethene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	560B ²	BDL	600B ²	600B ²	BDL	BDL	BDL	580B ²	BDL
1,1 Dichloroethane	640	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,1,1 TCA	200	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,2 Dichloroethane	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Butanone		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL

Notes:

All values are in ug/L (micrograms per liter or parts per billion)
Below method detection limited using EPA SW-846 Method 8240

BDL Below method desection limited using EPA SW-846 Method 8 for VOCs and 8270 for SVOCs.

Residential clearup scenario.

Value requalified as estimated.

B Indicates analyte detected in field blank which was collected by passing distilled water through a submersible pump. NA Not Analyzed

Considered to be sampling or laboratory artifacts based on the results resampling duplicate and split samples.

Total cis and trans 1,2-dichle-rethene

				CAM	OK SHE - W		INDIANA						
Constituent	IDEM VRP Cleanup Goek ¹	MW	/	EQUIPMENT BLANK 1	EQUIPMENT BLANK 2	SMITH RESIDENCE			City Well	No. 1			City Well No. 2
				Well D	epth (in feet) →	55			150				125
		Jan '96	Mar '96	Jan '96	Jan '96	Mar '96	Dec '95	Mar '96	May '96	July '96	Sept '96	Oct '96	Dec '95
Semi-Volatiles by 8279													
bis (2-EH) Phthalate	6	12²	39 ²	BDL	BDL.	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Dimethylphthalate	304,000	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Methylnapthene		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,4-Dioxane		12 ²	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2,4 Dimethylphenol		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Velatiles by 8240													
Acetone	3,040	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Benzene	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Chloroethane	23,160.75	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Chloromethane		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
cis-1,2 DCE	70	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Methylene Chloride		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Tetrahydrofuran		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Trichloroethene	5	BDL	BDL	1600B ²	480B ²	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,1 Dichloroethane	640	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,1,1 TCA	200	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1,2 Dichloroethane	5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2-Butanone		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	31	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL

Notes:

BDL

All values are in ug/L (micrograms per liter or parts per billion) Below method detection limited using EPA SW-846 Method 8240

for VOCs and 8270 for SVOCs.

1 Residential cleamsp scenario. Value requalified as estimated. В

Indicates analyte detected in field blank which was collected by passing distilled water through a submersible pump. NA Not Analyzed

2

Considered to be sampling or laboratory artifacts based on the results resampling duplicate and split samples. Total cis and trans 1,2-dichloroethene

	Bluhm Residence	Carr Service	Creed Concrete	Halford Residence	Next Door Food Store	Oasis Truck Stop	Oasis Motel
Well Depth (in feet) →	55	50	40	75	55	65	87
Constituent	5/8/96	5/9/96	5/8/96	5/96/96	10/24/96	5/8/96	10/24/96
Semi-Velatiles by 8270	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA ·	BDL	NA
Volatiles by \$240	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA	BDL	NA
1,4-dioxane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	Parkman Residence	Tipton Rentals	Westpoint Lounge	Westville Estates (North)	Westville Estates (South)	Westville Cor Center	
Well Depth (in feet) →	44	58	47	66	66	91	
Constituent	5/8/96	10/24/96	10/24/96	7/23/96	7/23/96	10/24/	96
Semi-Velatiles by 8270	BDL	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Volatiles by 8246	BDL	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
1,4-dioxane	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDI	

Notes:

All values are in ug/L (micrograms per liter or parts per billion) Below method detection limited using EPA SW-846 Method 8240 BDL

for VOCs and 8270 for SVOCs.

Residential cleanup scenario.

Value requalified as estimated.

В

2

Indicates analyte detected in field blank which was collected by passing distilled water through a submersible pump.

NA Not Analyzed

Considered to be sampling or laboratory artifacts based on the results resampling duplicate and split samples. Total cis and trans 1,2-dichloroethene

<u> </u>	МОВШ		TABLE 4	Y ANALY	CFC			· <u>-</u> -						
				TVILLE.										
	P16	P21	MW4D	MW4D	MW4D	MW4D	MW5D	MW5						
	50'	70'	120'	130'	140'	150	130'	1501						
Chloromethane	< 10	<10	<10	< 10	< 10	< 10	<10	< 10						
Bromomethane	<10	<10	<10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10						
Vinyl chloride	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	<2	< 10	< 10						
Chloroethane	< 10	<10	. < 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10						
Methylene chloride	<5	<5	<5_	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Acetone	<25	72	49	46	31	< 50	<25	32						
Carbon disulfide	<5	<5	<5_	<5	<5	< 50	<5	<5						
1,1-Dichloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
1,1-Dichloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Chloroform	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
1,2-Dichloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
2-Butanone <25 <25 <25 <25 <25 <50 <25 <25														
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<5	<5	<5 .	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Carbon tetrachloride	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Vinyl acetate	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	<10	<10						
Bromodichloromethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
1,2-Dichloropropane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<5	<5	<5_	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Trichloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	< 5						
Dibromochloromethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Benzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	< 50	<50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 10	<50	<50						
Bromoform	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
2-Hexanone	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	< 10	< 25	<25						
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25						
Tetrachloroethene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Toluene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Chlorobenzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Ethylbenzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Styrene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5.	<5						
Xylenes	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5						
Tetrahydrofuran	<5	18J	NA	NA	62J	< 50	<5	<5						
1.4-Dioxane	6.5J	69J	NA	NA	41J	NA	<1	<1						

Notes:

NA

Not Analyzed

TABLE 4 MOBILE LABORATORY ANALYSES CAM-OR SITE - WESTVILLE, IN								
	P16 50'	P21 70'	MW4D 120'	MW4D 130'	MW4D 140'	MW4D 150	MW5D 130'	MW5 150'
Acrolein	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 50	NA	NA
Acrylonitrile	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
Dibromomethane	< 10	<10	<10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	<10
1,2-Dibromoethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	<10
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	< 5	<5
Ethyl ether	< 5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethyl acetate	< 10	<10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Ethyl methacrylate	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Methyl-tert-butyl-ether	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Iodomethane	< 10	< 10	< 10	<10	< 10	< 10	<10	< 10
Paraidehyde	< 10	<10	<10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	<10
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	<10	< 10
Trichlorofluoromethane	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5

APPENDIX A

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA REPORT

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Andrew John Friedman James E. Bruya, Ph.D. (206) 285-8282 3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029 FAX: (206) 283-5044

December 20, 1995

Ray Milejczak, Project Leader Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive, Suite 112 Indianapolis, IN 46241

Dear Mr. Milejczak:

Enclosed are the results from the testing of material submitted on December 11, 1995 from your 13704-031-6008-045 project.

Sample P17; 12-14 contained three possible products: a light distillate such as Stoddard solvent or mineral spirits, a middle distillate such as diesel or heating oil, and a highly degraded or cracked product, such as heavy fuel oil, crude oil, or creosote. The light and middle distillates appear unweathered. A distinct pattern of n-alkanes from $C_{9 to}$ C_{21} is observed. n-Alkanes are easily digested by microorganisms and tend to disappear first as a product weathers.

The highly degraded or cracked product forms a broad hump from n-C₈ to n-C₃₂ with a maximum at n-C₂₂. The light and medium distillates are the peaks on top of the hump. We suspect that the degraded product is a weathered heavy fuel oil such as Bunker C, crude oil, or creosote. The peak at 21 minutes on the GC/ECD trace could be pentachlorophenol, an additive to creosotes.

Sample P19; 12-14 appeared to contain material similar to P17; 12-14, but the light and middle distillates were very degraded. The distinctive n-alkane pattern seen in P17; 12-14 is not seen in P19; 12-14. The heavily degraded fuel oil, crude oil, or creosote is also a larger fraction of the contamination in P19; 12-14.

Your December 18, 1995 fax states the two soil samples were collected from a 12-14 foot depth. The groundwater is found at approximately 15 feet, and fluctuates one to two feet a year. The soil has a porosity of approximately 20-30%, decreasing near the ground surface. The soil is topped with grass. The porous soil, grass surface, and proximity to groundwater increase the flow of

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Ray Milejczak December 20, 1995 Page 2

air and moisture to the sample zone. Though little macroscopic biological activity was present, some microbial degradation could be happening. We suspect that P17; 12-14 was collected closer to the contamination source. P19; 12-14 is likely to be closer to the edge of the plume. Microbial activity is often greater at the edge of a plume where the contamination serves as a food source, but has not reached toxic levels.

The site conditions and lack of weathering in the light and middle distillates of P17; 12-14 lead us to believe that the distillates were spilled within the last five years, or that several spills or a continuous leak has occurred. Though the distillates appear relatively fresh, some of contamination could be older than 5 years. P19; 12-14 is much more degraded, suggesting that the distillates were released at least three years ago. The complete lack of n-alkanes and sharp isoprenoid pattern from 16 to 18 minutes on the GC/FID trace is characteristic of material that could be up to 20 years old. With the limited site information and interferences from the heavy end product, we are unable to be highly accurate in our age determinations for P19; 12-14 and P17; 12-14.

Due to the ambiguity regarding its identity, we are unable to make an age date determination of the heavy end product. The possible presence of pentachlorophenol suggests it could be a creosote, as opposed to a fuel oil or crude oil.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

But asbutson

Beth Albertson Chemist

keh Enclosures

FAX: (317) 244-0421

NAA1220R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: December 20, 1995 Date Received: December 11, 1995

Project: 13704-031-6008-045

Date Samples Extracted: December 12, 1995

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES
FOR FINGERPRINT CHARACTERIZATION
BY CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY
USING A FLAME IONIZATION DETECTOR (FID)
AND ELECTRON CAPTURE DETECTOR (ECD)

Sample ID

P17; 12-14

GC Characterization

The GC trace using the flame ionization detector (FID) showed the presence of low and medium boiling compounds. The low boiling compounds appeared as a pattern of peaks eluting from n-C₆ to n-C₁₂ showing a maximum near n-C₁₀. The patterns displayed by these peaks are indicative of Stoddard solvent or mineral spirits. The GC/ECD trace showed low levels of oxygenated or halogenated compounds.

The medium boiling compounds appeared as a regular pattern of peaks eluting from $n\text{-}C_{13}$ to $n\text{-}C_{21}$ showing a maximum near $n\text{-}C_{15}$. A regular pattern of the n- alkanes is seen for the medium boiling product. The patterns displayed by these peaks are indicative of diesel fuel or heating oil

A third highly degraded product is also present. This product forms a broad hump from n-C8 to n-C32, with a maximum at n-C22. The product could be a highly weathered heavy fuel oil such as Bunker C, a heavily degraded crude oil, or a creosote. The single tall peak on the GC/ECD trace at 21 minutes could possibly be pentachlorophenol.

The large peak seen near 25 minutes on the GC/FID trace is pentacosane, added as a quality assurance check for this GC analysis. There is a second internal standard peak seen on the GC/ECD trace at about 26 minutes which is dibutyl chlorendate.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: December 20, 1995 Date Received: December 11, 1995

Project: 13704-031-6008-045

Date Samples Extracted: December 12, 1995

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES
FOR FINGERPRINT CHARACTERIZATION
BY CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY
USING A FLAME IONIZATION DETECTOR (FID)
AND ELECTRON CAPTURE DETECTOR (ECD)

Sample ID

P19; 12-14

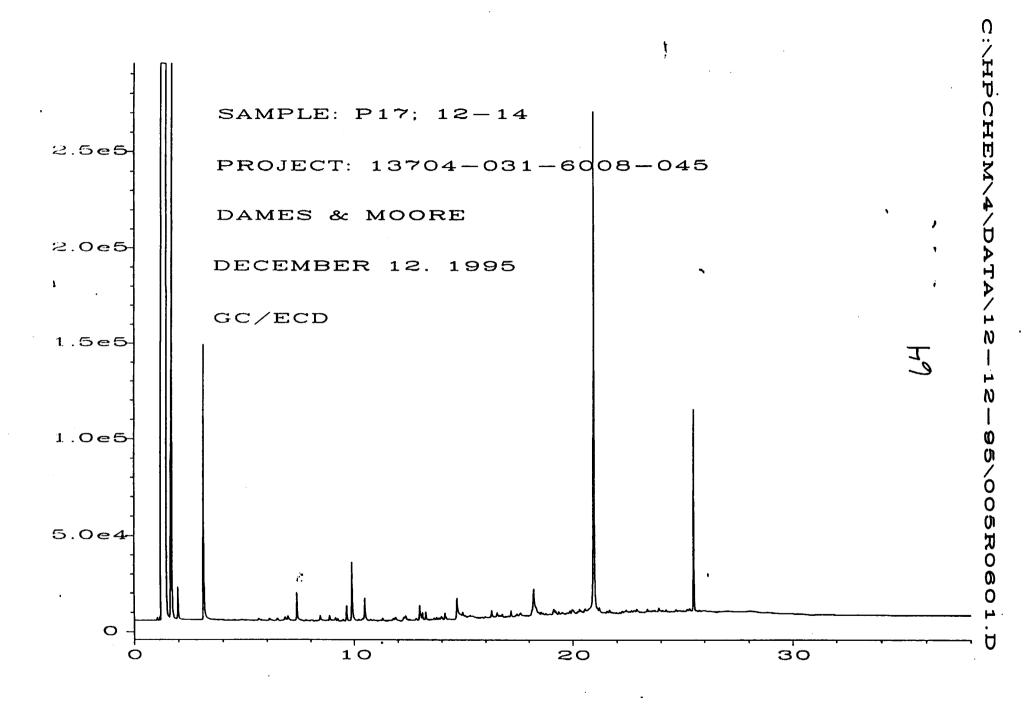
GC Characterization

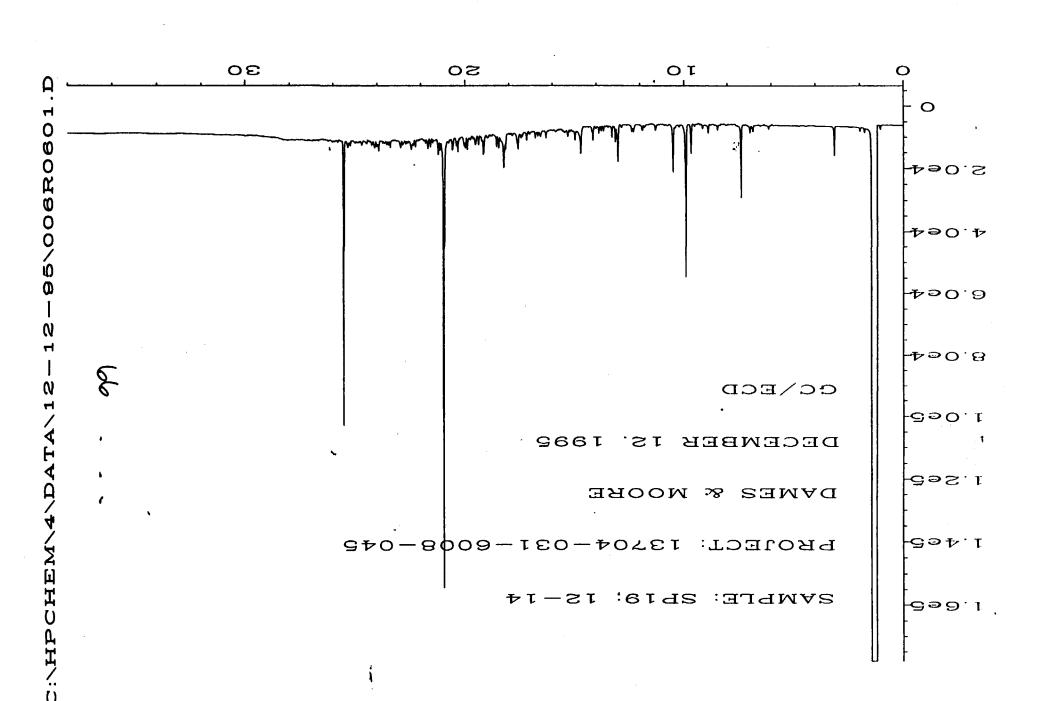
The GC trace using the flame ionization detector (FID) showed the presence of low and medium boiling compounds. The low boiling compounds appeared as a ragged pattern of peaks eluting from $n\text{-}C_6$ to $n\text{-}C_{12}$ showing a maximum near $n\text{-}C_{10}$. The patterns displayed by these peaks are indicative of weathered mineral spirits or Stoddard solvent. The GC/ECD trace showed low levels of oxygenated or halogenated compounds.

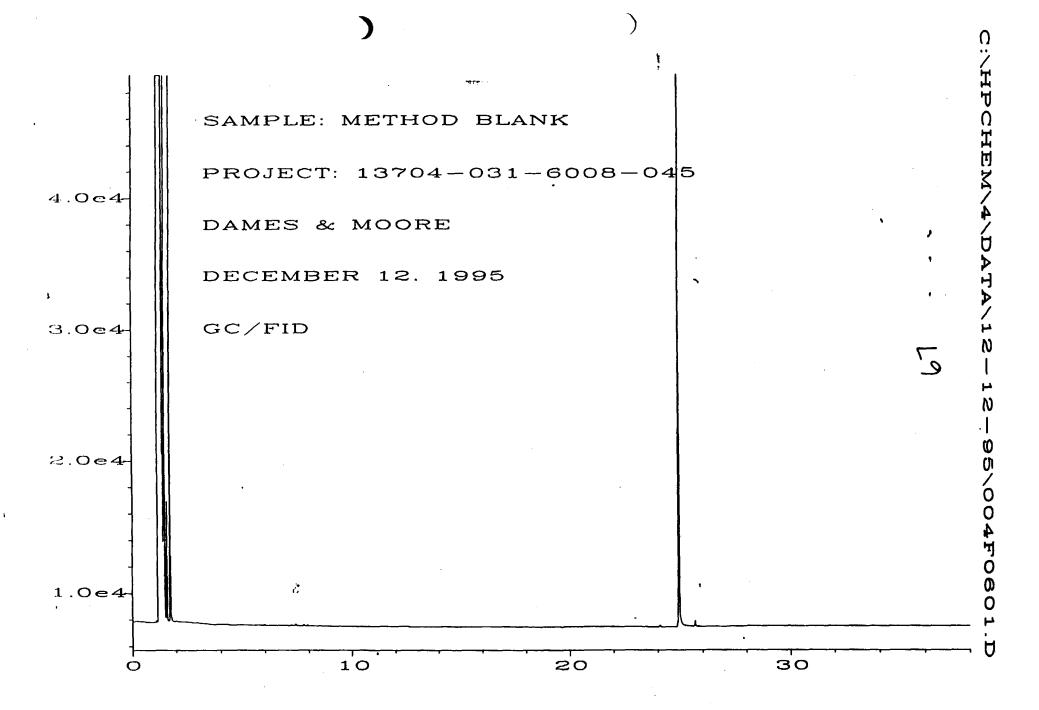
The medium boiling compounds appeared as a ragged pattern of peaks eluting from $n\text{-}C_{13}$ to $n\text{-}C_{20}$ showing a maximum near $n\text{-}C_{13}$. A dominant pattern of n- alkanes was seen not for this material. The patterns displayed by these peaks are indicative of diesel fuel or heating oil. The medium boiling material present was highly degraded making product identification tentative.

A third highly degraded product may also be present. This product forms a broad hump from n-C8 to n-C30, with a maximum at n-C23. The product could be a highly weathered heavy fuel oil such as Bunker C, a heavily degraded crude oil, or a creosote. The single tall peak on the GC/ECD trace at 21 minutes could possible be pentachlorophenol.

The large peak seen near 25 minutes on the GC/FID trace is pentacosane, added as a quality assurance check for this GC analysis. There is a second internal standard peak seen on the GC/ECD trace at about 26 minutes which is dibutyl chlorendate.







FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Beth M. Albertson, M.S. Bradley T. Benson Kelley D. Wilt AUG 19 1996

3072 T6th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029 TEL: (206) 285-8282

FAX: (206) 283-5044

August 7, 1996

Ray Milejczak, Project Manager Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive Suite 112 Indianapolis, IN 46241

RE: Sample disposal for samples received on December 11, 1995 from Project 13704-031-6008-045.

Dear Mr. Milejczak:

Enclosed is the original Chain of Custody form that accompanied samples sent to our laboratory for analysis. These forms are to accompany the samples at all times. Since these samples have now been disposed of or consumed during their analysis, we are returning them to you. We appreciate the opportunity to perform our testing service and hope you will consider the use of our laboratory in the future.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

John P. Wright

Technical Expediter

keh

F&BI Sample Numbers 64852 to 64853

		CHAIN-OF-	-CUSTODY	RECORD		BA	AO		_
1.					1	12	1195	Page	_ of
Job No.		Ray Hilejczu	Jk_	. <u>}</u>	Lnalya				
15704-031-6008-045	P.O./Contract No.			_[월		1 1/	130		ı
$P = A \cdot A \cdot A$	Project Title Sec.	DIANAPOLIS	clerist		4		Remarks		ab No.
· Sample I.D. No. Date Time		Preservative	No. of Containers	GC 645-45					
P17: 12-14 12/8 15:20	Suil	V NONE	1	X			Noutral Se	-26	4852
P19; 12-14 12/8 4:20	Seil	U NONE	- 7	X			North of Se	2-26	4853
<u>'</u> :					4		0	·	
				- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 					
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(Signature and Organization)	(Signature and Or	red by: Date 12:1/95 FIST Whire 11:17	Time Rel (Signature a	inquished by: and Organization)	Date	Time	Received by: Signature and Organization	Date	Time
	Time / Roceiv	** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		inquished by: e and Organization)	Dute	Time (Received by: Signature and Organization	Date Date	Time

Revision 0 - May 1, 1992

[/2 eljer:eqap.doc]

DAMES & MOORE

INITIALS:

100	SAMPLE CONDITION UPON RECEIPT CHECKL	IST	:	
:	Are custody seals present on cooler?		YES	NO
	If yes, are seals intact?	_	YES	NO
5	Cooler temperature:	120	 	
·	Are custody seals present on sample containers?		YES -	NO
,	The custody sould present on campic containers.	ł		
_	If yes, are seals intact?		YES	NO
		NOT	YES	NO
:_	Were samples radioactive?	TESTED	<u> </u>	
;	Is there a Chain-of-Custody* (COC)?		YES	NO
	Is the CQC* complete and in agreement with the samples received?	(YES	NO
	# samples: Myes ono Sample ID's Syes ono Date sampled Oyes ono Matrix: Dyes ono # containers: Oyes ono Matrix:			
	Matrix: Oyes Ono # containers: Oyes Ono Nor Custod			
_	Relinquished: Wes Uno Requested analysis: VU ves Uno	1///		
<u>.</u>	Are the samples marked as being preserved?	410		
· ;	Number of days samples have been sitting prior to receipt at	# DAYS		
	laboratory	* DAIS		
•}	Were all sample containers received intact (i.e., not broken, leaking,		YES	NO
_	etc.)?	(1)		
: <u>) </u>	Are the samples for volatile analyses on VOA vials?	NA	YES	NO
1_	Are samples requiring no headspace, headspace free?	(N/A)	YES	NO
2_	Are VOA 1st stickers required?		YES	20
3	Are there special comments on the Chain-of-Custody which require		YES (NO
	client contact?			
1	If yes, was FBI Project Leader notified? Name		YES	NO
`esc	ribe "no" items:			
	•			
as	client contacted? yes ono			
`ve	s, date: Name of person contacted:			
, -				
380	ribe actions taken or client instructions:			
_				
_				
ro	ther representative documents. letters, and/or shipping memos			

UPS Next Day Air UPS Worldwide Express UPS DRIVER	WEIGHT DIMENSIONAL ZONE AND A CLASS NEXT DAY WORLDWIDE EXPRESS
RECORD 6-DIGIT UPS SHIPPER NUMBER FROM BOX []. IF BOX [] IS BLANK OR THE NUMBER IS MORE THAN 6 DIGITS, RECORD THE NUMBER FROM BOX [2]. SHIPMENT FROM	SATURDAY SATURDAY DELIVERY
HEFERENCE NUMBER	INTERNATIONAL SHIPMENTS 0867 3332 579 SIGNATURE WORLDWIDE EXPRESS)
Military Military Sala (17) 244-933	PRINT RECEIVER'S FIRST INITIAL, LAST NAME DATE TIME
To Day of the North Man A	UPS Next Day Air
DELIVERY TO TELEPHONE	TRACKING NUMBER
Formal Properties	
010191116 2/94 W United Parcel Service, Louisville, KY	UPS Next Day Air

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APPENDIX B

MOBILE LABORATORY DATA



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 5 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR	ANALYTICAL RESULTS					
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)		P1-39'	P1-29*	P1-19'	P2-40'	
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER]	}
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/ĩ∟	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 v y/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1, 1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	65/85%	6/120%	17/85%	4/80%
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	134/107%	194/97%	20/100%	42/105%
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	2
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	26/104%	15/100%	17/85%	11/110%
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	81	181	ND	62
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND

Chemical Analyst: Kull Sg.

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CHOOL - CO



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01 Client: CAM-OR Analysis Date: DEC 5 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			Al	ANALYTICAL RESULTS				
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)	•		P2-20'	P1-49'				
•	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER				
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER						
% Solids			NA	NA				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25u g/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND				
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND				
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND				
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND .				
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Trichlorofluoromethane	.5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND				
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	5/100%	4/80%				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND				
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/ Kg	lug/L	ND	ND				
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate) .	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	17/85%	179/90%				
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	2/100%	8/80%				
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND				
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND				
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 u g/L	ND	ND				
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	ND	ND				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l u g/ L	ND	140				
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND				

Chemical Analyst: Mulify

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QAGC:



Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 6 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Project #: 95-474-01		í					
Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS				
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P3-20'	P3-40'	P4-26'	P4-40'	
		ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER					
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	* 14	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	* 14	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	32/107%	32/107%	23/115%	24/120%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	24/120%	57/114%	46/92%	48/96%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	5	8	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	22/110%	29/97%	21/105%	19/95%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene -	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
P.M.O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ΝD	ND	169	ND	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/ Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	44	ND	

^{*} These compounds co-elute.

Chemical Analyst:

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ONOC:



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 6 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			Al	NALYTICAL	L RESULTS
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P5-23'	P6-30°	
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER	_		
% Solids			NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	24/120%	31/103%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	•
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	1
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	19/95%	18/90%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	21/105%	28/93%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
P.M.O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	

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DAGO - DE



Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 7 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR		ANALYTICAL RESULTS					
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P4-26'	P8-30'	P8-45'	P9-20'	
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER	RE-ANALYSIS				
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	מא	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	*8	* 15	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	*8	* 15	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	9/90%	10/100%	8/80%	30/100%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	11	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	1	ND	ND ·	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	34/113%	19/95%	8/80%	14/93%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	, ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	3	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	8/80%	37/93%	12/120%	37/93%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	171	229	133	71	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l u g/ L	96	65	57	ND	

^{*} These compounds co-elute.

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QAQC: On Elle



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 7 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P9-40'	P10-20'	P10-40'	
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER				
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	,
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	63/105%	33/110%	49/98%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	13	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	41/103%	33/110%	61/102%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	7	3	4	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	101/101%	46/92%	106/106%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	18	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	5	9	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	92	60	316	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	310	2294	1598	

Chemical Analyst: Muli Spi

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QA/QC: Q



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 8 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS				
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P11-40'	P12-45'	P13-24'	P14-23'	
	DETECTION	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER					
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	מא	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	16/80%	16/80%	16/80%	12/120%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	1	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	30/100%	24/120%	16/80%	16/80%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	9	ND '	ND	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	19/95%	21/105%	19/95%	17/85%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	4	ND	ND	3	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	46	30	28	30	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	16	ND	ND	ND_	

Chemical Analyst: March Sgr

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QAQC: Q. Q.



Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 8 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P11-20'	P12-30'	P13-40'	P7-15'
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER				
% Solids			NA	NA ·	NA	NA
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloromethane	25u g/K g	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	N:D	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 u <i>g/</i> Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	_ ND
Methylene Chloride	25u g/K g	5 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	2	. 2	ND	ND
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	12/120%	10/100%	6/120%	5/100%
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	19/95%	5/100%	24/120%	17/85%
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	15/100%	10/100%	12/120%	14/93%
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	עט
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	מא
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
		3-		أسحتني		

Chemical Analyst: service Age

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QAQC: D. Alex



Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 11 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS				
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P15-23'	P20-23'	MW4D-140'	P16-50'	
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER					
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND.	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/ Kg	1 r z/L	ND .	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	29/97%	28/93%	45/113%	39/98%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	18/90%	17/85%	44/110%	23/115%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	3	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chioropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	22/110%	19/95%	32/107%	40/100%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 u g/L	ND	5	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/ Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND .	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/ Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	29	ND	68	16	
Tetrahydrofuran	' 5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	44	534	1626	

Chemical Analyst: Musical Sopi

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ONOC:



Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 11 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			MW4D-150'	MW4D-80'	MW4D-60'	
	DETECT	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER				
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	11/110%	11/110%	12/120%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/ Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	27/90%	78/104%	77/103%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/ Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/ Kg	l ug/L	3	3	3	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	21/105%	22/110%	24/120%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 u <i>g/</i> K.g	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/ Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 u g/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/ Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 u g/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/ Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachioroethane	5 u g/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/ Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	41	108	ND	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	111	ND	ND	

Chemical Analyst: Neural Sog:

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QAQC: 2-3



Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 12 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			Al	ANALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P21-70'	P21-90'	MW4D-120'	MW4D-130'	
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER		<u> </u>			
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1, 1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	45/90%	19/95%	15/100%	9/90%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/ Kg	1 ug/L	7	6	ND	3	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	145/97%	170/113%	32/107%	54/108%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	2	ND	2	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	33/110%	24/120%	24/120%	17/85%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND.	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	סא	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND .	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone .	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	221	196	70	132	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	413	164	42	1073	

Chemical Analyst: Number Sept

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QAQC: J-e/S-



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 13 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

_		1					
Client: CAM-OR			Al	NALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P21-110'	P7-50°	P7-20'	P7-30'	
		ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER					
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 u <i>g/</i> Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 u <i>g/</i> Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ן מא	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 u <i>g/</i> Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	12/120%	9/90%	9/90%	9/90%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND .	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	4	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	132/106%	16/80%	17/85%	17/85%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	ND	ΝD	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	10/100%	21/105%	18/90%	21/105%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND .	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	67	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
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Chemical Analyst: Audil Soj

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DAVOC: COOK



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 13 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			Al.	ALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P7-70' P7-40' MW4D-100'			P16-20'	
·	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER					
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/K g	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	14/93%	37/93%	31/103%	5/100%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ΝD	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	2	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	16/80%	24/120%	65/87%	15/100%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND ·	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	25/100%	39/98%	34/113%	20/100%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	2	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	31	ND	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	224	ND	

Chemical Analyst: Muli Sg

Page 13 of 19 86 QAQC:



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01 Client: CAM-OR

Analysis Date: DEC 14 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS		
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			MW4D	P7-60'	
		ON LIMIT	BLOWDOWN	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER	WATER		
% Solids			NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	60/120%	8/80%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	53/106%	16/80%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	9/90%	21/105%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane -	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND ·	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	38	ND	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	86	ND	

Chemical Analyst:___



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak Project #: 95-474-01 Client: CAM-OR

Analysis Date: DEC 14 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P16-60'	P16-30'	P16-40'	P16-70'
		ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER				
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	43/86%	27/90%	58/116%	18/90%
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	1	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	21/105%	18/90%	20/100%	16/80%
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	9	4	8	ND
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	59/118%	29/97%	16/80%	17/85%
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/K g	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	15	ND	ND	ND
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	506	121	485	423

Chemical Analyst:_

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Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 15 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR	I-OR ·			NALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P16-80'	MW5D-80'	MW5D-90'	MW5D-100'	
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER					
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25 ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/ Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND:	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25u g/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	9/90%	17/85%	10/100%	16/80%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	16/80%	17/85%	16/80%	17/85%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	2	ND	ND	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	11/110%	17/85%	17/85%	17/85%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	24	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	27	ND	ND	ND	

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Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 15 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			Al	NALYTICAL	L RESULTS	WATER WATER NA NA NA ND		
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)	SW-846(8010/8020)		MW5D-110'	MW4D-120'	MW4D-130'	MW4D-140		
	DETECTION LIMIT		WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER		
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER	Ī					
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	NĎ	ND	ND		
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	מא		
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	מא		
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	מא		
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	18/90%	9/90%	15/100%	8/80%		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	17/85%	16/80%	17/85%	16/80%		
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	18/90%	14/93%	17/85%	14/93%		
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Tetrachioroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND_	ND		



Dames & Moore
2421 Production Drive
Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 15 1995 Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			ANALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			MW5D-150'	• P7-80'	COMPRESSER	TANKER
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	CONDENSATE	TRUCK
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER			WATER	WATER
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Chloromethane	25u g/Kg	5 u g/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 u g/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	15/100%	NT	40/100%	66/110%
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	16/80%	NT	16/80%	17/85%
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	NT	ND	, ND
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	16/80%	NT	10/100%	28/93%
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	. NT	ND	ND
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ΝD	NT	ND	ND
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	NT	ND	ND
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND

^{*} Sample Damaged

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QAQC: U. SC-



Dames & Moore

2421 Production Drive

Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Analysis Date: DEC 15 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Client: CAM-OR			Al	NALYTICAL RESULTS
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			PIPE	
	DETECTI	ON LIMIT	DOPE	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER	WATER	
% Solids			NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
1.1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l u g/L	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	18/90%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	16/80%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	8/80%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane .	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	



Dames & Moore 2421 Production Drive Suite # 112

Indianapolis, IN. 46241 ATTN: Mr. Ray Milejczak

Project #: 95-474-01

Data file:

Analysis Date: DEC 12 1995

Operator: Mike Soja

Analyses: HVOC

Project #: 93-474-01		1	والمستوالين والمراجعين	صحيب	جند يسويد سوي	عصنند ويصوب	
Client: CAM-OR			Al	NALYTICAL RESULTS			
Method: SW-846(8010/8020)			P21-70°	P21-90'	MW4D-120'	MW4D-130'	
		ON LIMIT	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	
COMPOUND	SOIL	WATER		<u> </u>			
% Solids			NA	NA	NA	NA	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloromethane	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Vinyl Chloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromomethane	5 ug/Kg	l u g/ L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Methylene Chloride	25ug/Kg	5 ug/L	ИD	ND	ND	ND	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromochloromethane (Surrogate)	5 u g/K g	1 ug/L	45/90%	19/95%	15/100%	9/90%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5 u g/ Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	7	6	ND	3	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trichloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5 u <i>g/</i> Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Trifluorotoluene (Surrogate)	5 u <i>g/</i> Kg	l ug/L	145/97%	170/113%	32/107%	54/108%	
Bromodichlormethane	5 ug/Kg	1 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	ND	ND	, ND	ND	
Toluene	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	2	ND	2	ND	
2-Bromo-1-Chloropropane (Surrogate)	5 ug/Kg	1 u g/L	33/110%	24/120%	32/107%	17/85%	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ug/Kg	lug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Dibromochloromethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
P,M,O-Xylenes	15 ug/Kg	3 ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Bromoform	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acetone	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	221	196	70	132	
Tetrahydrofuran	5 ug/Kg	l ug/L	413	164	42	1073	

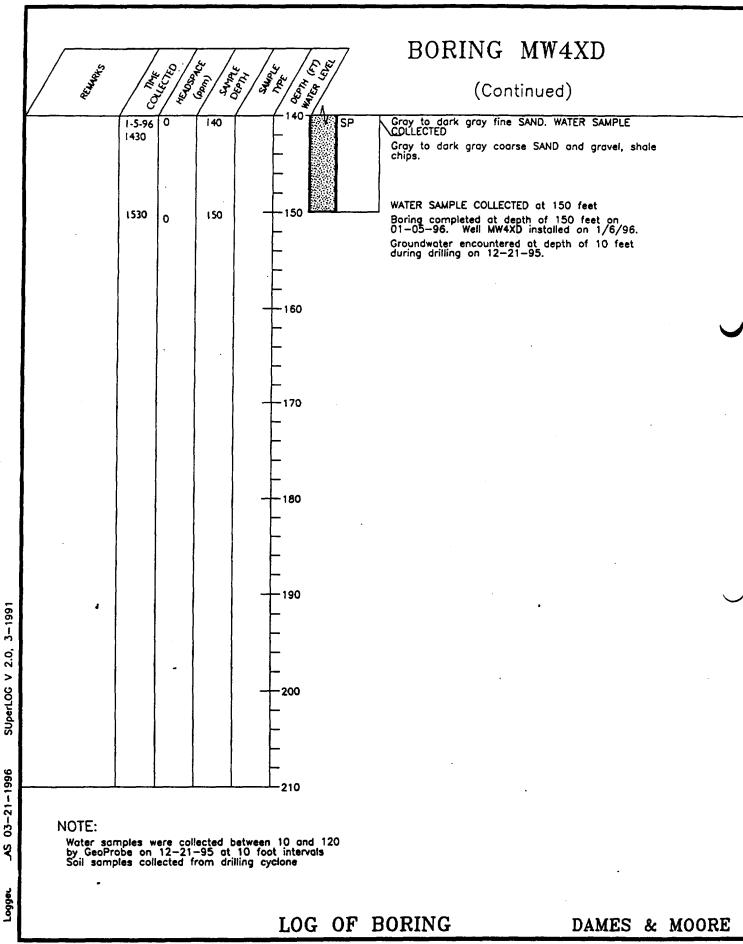
Chemical	Analyst:		

QA/QC:	•
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APPENDIX C

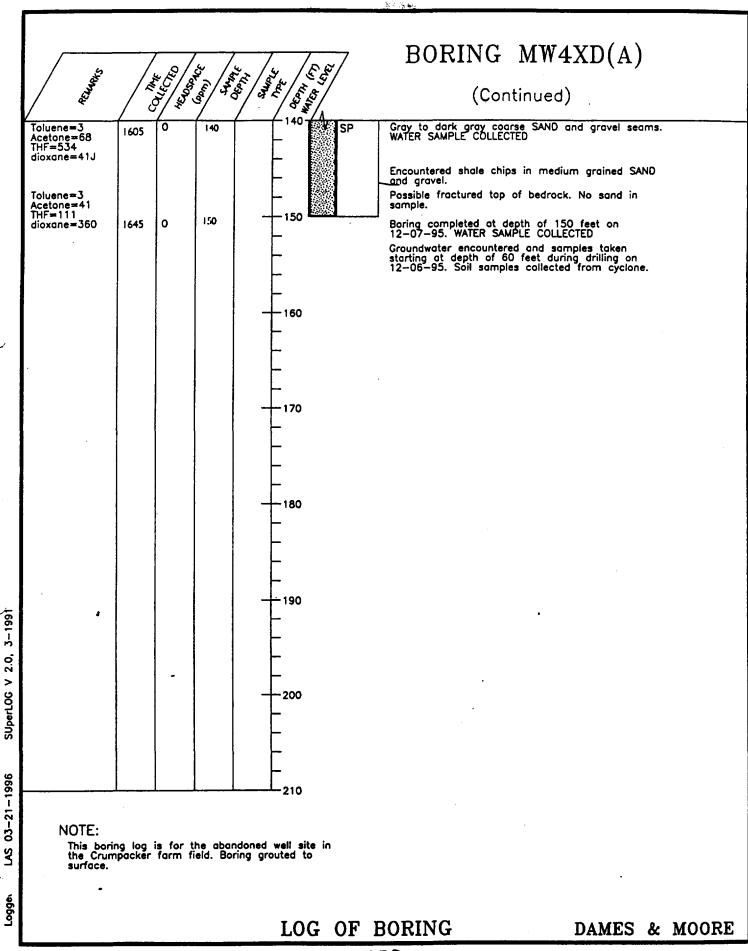
BORING LOGS

	S. Wangs			Ja (may)	The state of the s	/ ~/1	<u> </u>	BORING MW4XD (Continued)
		1241	0	70		-70 -	SP	WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
	·	1226	o	80	-	 80 		Gray to dark gray fine SAND. WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
<i>\</i>		1205	o	90	-	- - -90 -		WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
		1150	o	100		 100 		Gray to dark gray fine SAND. WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
		1125	o	110		 110 		WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
2.0, 3-1991	•	1100	0	120		 120 		Gray to dark gray fine SAND. WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
SUperLOG V		1-4-96 1630	0	130		-130 - -		WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
LAS 03-21-1996	NOTE: Water samples were collected between 10 and 120 by GeoProbe on 12-21-95 at 10 foot intervals Soil samples collected from drilling cyclone							
Logge	•					LOG	OF	BORING DAMES & MOORE

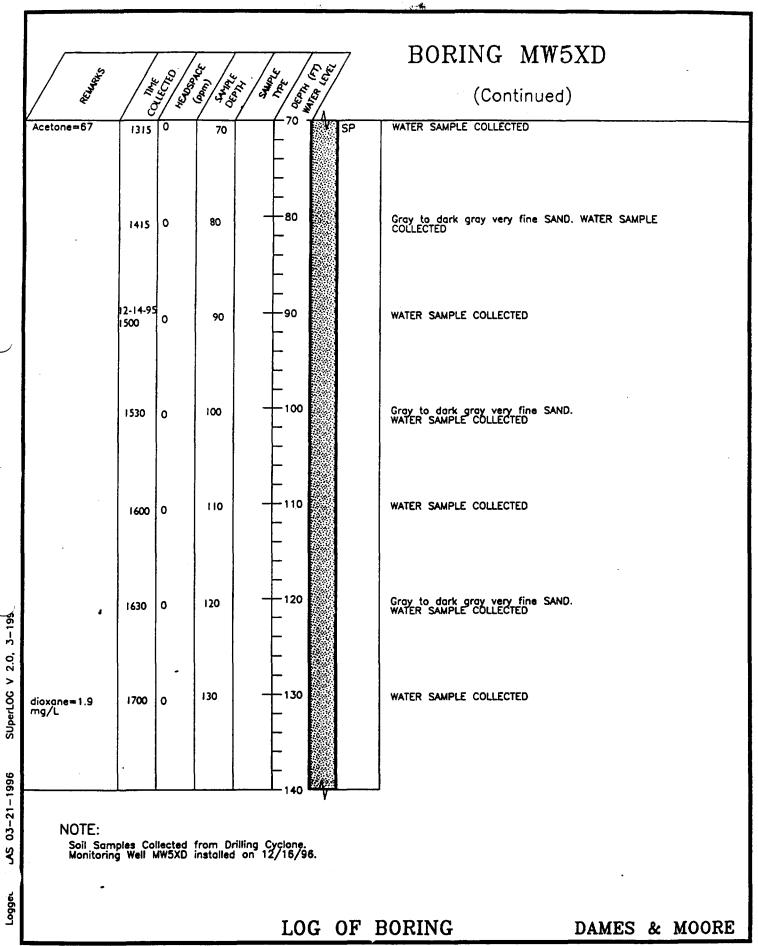


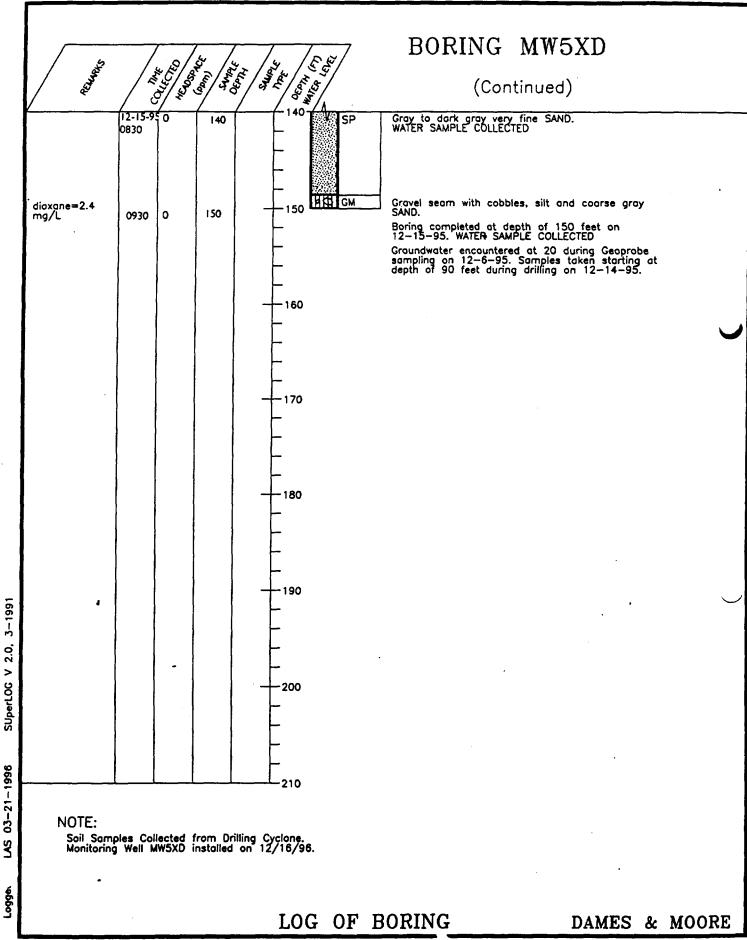
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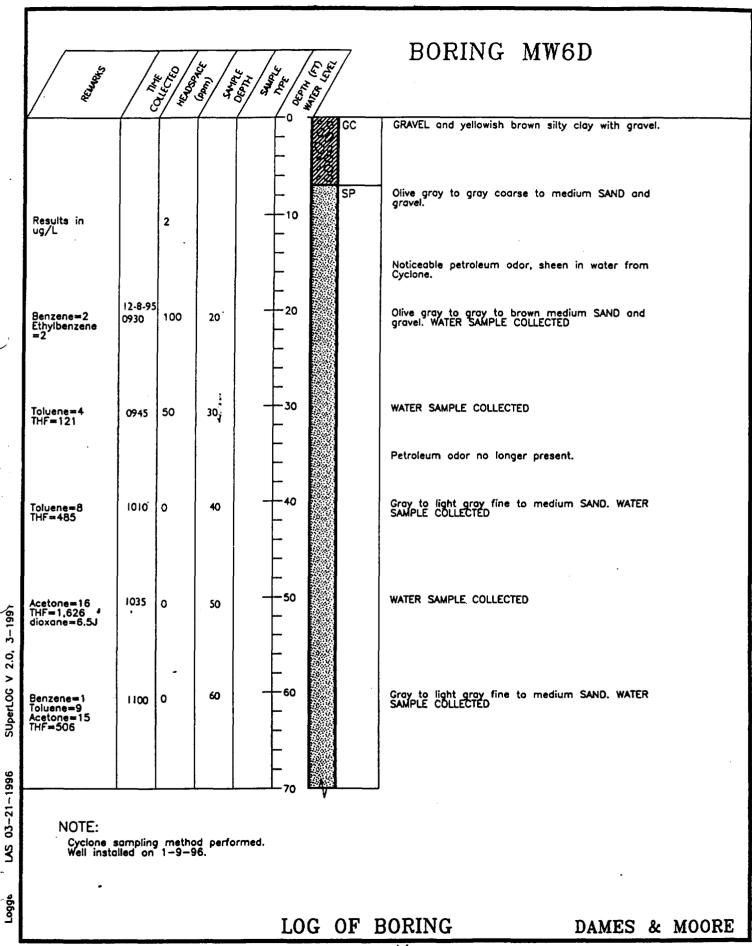
		,	7 7		7 BORIN	G MW4XD(A)	
Land State of State o				/ / */,	(0	Continued)	
Benzene=7 Toluene=2 Acetone=221 THF=413 dioxane=695	1345	O	70	70	SP WATER SAMPLE CO	LLECTED	
Toluene=3 Acetone=108	1430	0	80		Brown to olive gra with gravel seams. Fine SAND, no gra	y to gray fine to medium SAND WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED vel.	
Benzene=6 Acetone=196 THF=164	1445	o	90	90	WATER SAMPLE COI	LLECTED	<u> </u>
Acetone=31 THF=224	1500	o	100	——————————————————————————————————————	Gray to dark gray WATER SAMPLE COL	very fine SAND. LECTED	
Benzene=4 THF=67	1515	0	110	110	WATER SAMPLE COL	TECTED	
Toluene=2 Acetone=70 THF=42 dioxane= 4,800	12-7-95 0730	o	120		Gray to dark gray WATER SAMPLE COL Coarse grained SAM	fine SAND. LECTED ND and gravel seams.	$\overline{}$
Benzene=3 Acetone=132 THF=1,073 dioxone= 5,800	1545	0	130	 130 -	Gray to olive gray WATER SAMPLE COL	coarse SAND and gravel. LECTED	
NOTE: This bori the Crun surface.	ing log i	is for t	the abandield. Bori	doned well site in ng grouted to			
•				LOG (OF BORING	DAMES & MOO	RE

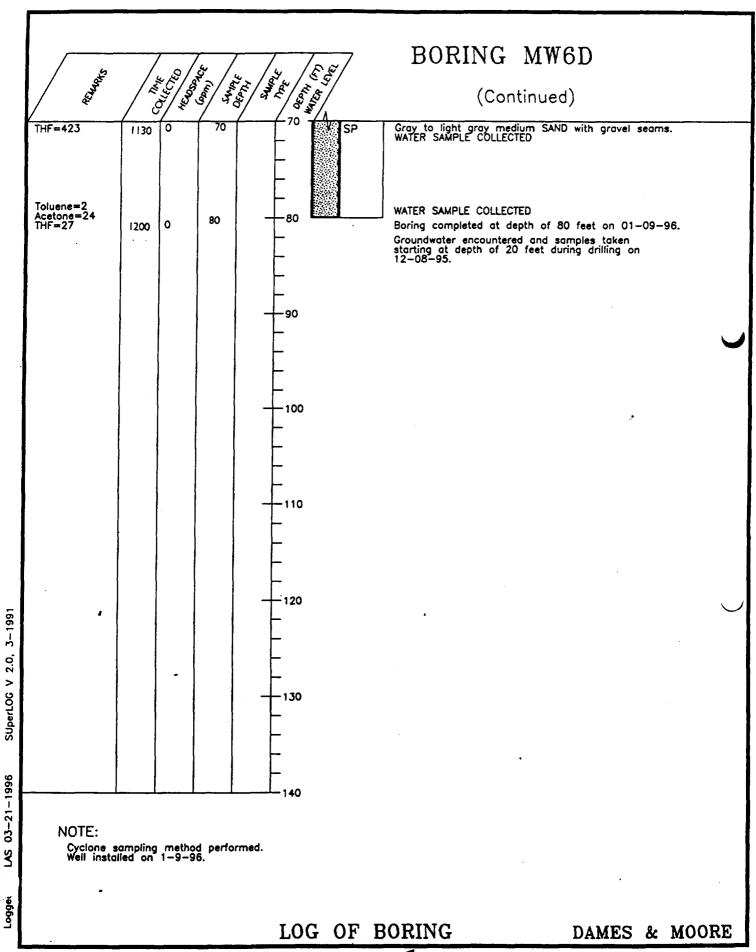


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	Standard	/ 1 / S		Series of the se			BORING MW5XD
						GM GM GM GM GM GM GM GM GM GM GM GM GM G	Brownish yellow silty gravelly SAND with gravel.
	Results in ug/L unless noted differently		o		10	SP	Brownish yellow to black to olive gray fine to medium grained SAND and gravel.
		12-6-95 0815	0	19			Brownish yellow to black to gray medium grained SAND and gravel. WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
		0915	0	30			WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
		1015	o	40			Olive gray to gray medium SAND and gravel. WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
	•	11.15	o	50			WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
		1215	0	60	 		Olive gray to gray fine to medium SAND and gravel. WATER SAMPLE COLLECTED
	NOTE:					Ą	
	Soil Sam Monitoring	oles Col Well k	llected #W5XD	from Dril installed	ling Cyclone. on 12/16/96		
L					TO(i OF	BORING DAMES & MOORE









APPENDIX D

SITE SOIL SAMPLE LOGS

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Dames & Moore IC:ATION LOCATION OF BORING CLIENT CAM- OK OF / START FINISH WATER LEVEL 0925 TIME DATE CASING DEPTH SURFACE CONDITIONS: DEPTH IN FEET 0 |-AL 40 51..3 47.4 6 108 11.21-6 Ž

Dames & Moore

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Dames & Moore LOCATION OF BORING LOCATION SAMPLING METHOD: DRILLING WATER LEVEL 1036 TIME 133 DATE CASING DEPTH SURFACE CONDITIONS: DEPTH IN FEET CHILLING CUNIK. 0 AC 3 AL 5 CHK'D BY

Dames & Moore LOCATION OF BORING LOCATION CAMCR SAMPLING METHOD: DRILLING START FINISH WATER LEVEL TIME 1130 DATE DATE 502 7/ich CASING DEPTH SURFACE CONDITIONS: DEPTH IN FEET SOLL No2 0 J84 Ja Charactine comme 0 AL 3 73.0 7 75.8 8 75.8 2 مسي.مي 3 114

uames & moore 132-4-C31 CAM-CK DRILLING METHOD: G. D.L. LOCATION OF BORING LOCATION SAMPLING METHOD: ALLL DRILLING FINISH WATER LEVEL TIME 1150 1150 DATE 7/ckil CASING DEPTH ELEVATION SOL VORILLING CONTR. 0 0 2 3 48/24 12.4 H5m 1310 5 3ile 8.12

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APPENDIX E

DATA VALIDATION

DATA VALIDATION

Fingerprint Samples

Soil/NAPL samples were submitted to Friedman and Bruya of Seattle, Washington from two locations where petroleum products were found. The NAPL samples were fingerprinted for comparative purposes. The laboratory specializes in GC/MS techniques that allow for the identification of chemical constituents typically found in fuels, lubricants or other compounds.

Analytical Data QA/QC Evaluation

A quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) review was performed on the organic analytical data associated with the CAM-OR site to assess the quality and usability of the data. The QA/QC review evaluated holding times, initial and continuing instrument calibrations, blank analyses (laboratory, equipment/rinsate, and trip), surrogate analyses, matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) analyses, laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample (LCS/LCSD) analyses and duplicate analyses (laboratory and field), where available. The evaluation was based upon the National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (US EPA, February, 1994) modified to include specific criteria of the individual analytical methods utilized for the CAM-OR project.

January 1996 Sampling Event

Investigative groundwater samples were analyzed by Savannah Laboratories of Savannah, Georgia as follows:

- 26 samples for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 8240; and,
- 22 samples for semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs) by U.S. EPA SW- 846 Method 8270.

Technical holding times were assessed by comparing the sampling dates with that of the preparation (extraction) dates and/or the analysis dates. The technical holding time requirements were met for all sample analyses.

QC limits for initial and continuing instrument calibration were established to ensure that the instrument was capable of producing accurate quantitative data at the beginning and throughout each of the analyses. No initial or continuing calibration verification (ICV/CCV) data were provided with the CAM-OR project sample delivery groups (SDGs).

Trip blanks (TBs) are carbon-free deionized water samples that accompany the investigative VOC samples during all stages of shipment, storage and analysis. Trip blanks are used to evaluate the potential for artificial introduction of VOCs into the investigative samples during the transportation

and sample handling processes. Four trip blanks were reported; one with each of the four sampling day SDGs. No chemical constituents were reported in any of the trip blanks.

Equipment (rinsate) blanks are samples collected by pouring carbon-free deionized water over and/or through sample collection devices following the associated sampling apparatus decontamination procedures. Equipment blanks were used to evaluate the effectiveness of decontamination procedures to determine if sampling cross-contamination could have occurred. Two equipment blanks were collected and submitted for VOC and SVOC analyses. No chemical constituents were detected in the SVOC equipment blanks. VOC Equipment Blank #1 and Equipment Blank #2 reported trichloroethene (TCE) at concentrations of 1,600 µg/l and 480 µg/l, respectively.

Since TCE is not a common laboratory chemical constituent and the levels reported in the equipment blanks were high, Dames & Moore made additional efforts to pinpoint the possible source(s). The three potential sources/causes of equipment blank contamination included: cross-contamination during the analytical procedures; contaminated water used in the decontamination procedures; and, cross-contamination during the sample collection procedures.

Dames & Moore obtained the applicable laboratory analytical run logs to investigate the potential for instrument carry-over from previous samples. It was apparent from the run logs that instrument carry-over was not the source of equipment blank contamination. Further investigation of the analytical run logs by Dames & Moore revealed that the first analysis of Equipment Blank #1 reported a concentration of TCE which exceeded the instrument calibration range (2,000 J µg/l), therefore, the second vial of Equipment Blank #1 was analyzed by a different analyst on a different GC/MS instrument. The results of the second analysis reported a TCE concentration of 1,600 µg/l. The consistent TCE results obtained in the two separate analyses of Equipment Blank #1 seem to indicate that there is minimal potential for a random analytical error to be the cause of the equipment blank contamination.

To investigate the potential that contaminated water may have been used in the decontamination procedures, Dames & Moore obtained samples of the water and submitted the samples to Savannah Laboratories for analysis. The analytical results reported no contamination in the water used for equipment decontamination (see Attachment 1).

Barring any random sample mishandling, the most plausible explanation remaining was the cross-contamination of samples during the sample collection procedures. Dames & Moore reviewed the sample collection sequence (see Table 1) to investigate this scenario. Based upon this evaluation, Dames & Moore could not rule out the potential for sampling cross-contamination. However, it remains unclear how the samples which preceded Equipment Blank #1, reporting TCE concentrations ranging from 600 μ g/l to 270 μ g/l (sample MW-2S immediately preceding Equipment Blank #1), could have contributed a TCE concentration of 1,600 μ g/l to Equipment Blank #1.

Following Dames & Moore's investigation of the TCE equipment blank contamination, Keck Instruments, the supplier of the pump used to develop and sample the CAM-OR wells, informed Dames & Moore that they had sampled the pump and hose used on the CAM-OR project prior to and

following the CAM-OR field work. Keck Instruments supplied a copy of the Environmental Science & Engineering (ES&E) laboratory analytical data report to Dames & Moore (see Attachment 2). Prior to the CAM-OR field work, the sample data associated with the pump and hose reported no contamination. Following the CAM-OR field work, however, the sample data associated with the pump reported 40 μ g/l of TCE while the sample data associated with the pump and hose reported a TCE concentration of 151 μ g/l. This appears to be the result of TCE adsorbing strongly to the pump station which was lined with Viton®. This material is a black supple rubber product that surrounds the libriel impeller in the submersible pump.

From the investigation of the equipment blank contamination problem, Dames & Moore has concluded that the decontamination procedures utilized on the pump and hose were not sufficient to effectively decontaminate this particular pump and hose given the type of chemical constituents present at the CAM-OR site. Since Dames & Moore cannot evaluate the exact quantity of TCE that could have been transferred from sample to sample, all of the TCE data have been qualified "B" (detected in blank) following the first well in which TCE was encountered (MW-5D). The samples qualified "B" include MW-5S, MW-5S Dup, MW-6D, MW-6S, MW-2D, MW-2S, Equipment Blank #1, MW-3D, MW-3S, MW-1D, MW-1S, Equipment Blank #2, B-2 and B-22 Dup.

Laboratory method blanks are blank air, water or soil samples prepared by the analytical laboratory and analyzed in the same fashion as the investigative samples. Water and soil laboratory method blanks were used to ensure that the investigative samples were not contaminated during the sample preparation, sample analysis or from a previous sample (instrument carry-over). All water laboratory method blanks were reported free of contamination.

Surrogate compounds are those compounds which are not expected to be detected in the investigative samples but which are chemically similar to analytes of interest. Surrogate compound percent recoveries (%Recs) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, possible matrix effects and overall analytical accuracy. Surrogate compound %Recs were reported with the VOC and SVOC analyses. All VOC and SVOC sample surrogate compound %Recs were reported within QC limits with the exception of sample MW-2D (2,4,6-tribromophenol = 35%; QC limits = 41 - 143%). SVOC sample data are qualified based on surrogates only when two surrogates are recovered outside the corresponding QC limits per analytical fraction (i.e., acid or base/neutral).

Matrix spikes are samples fortified (spiked) with known concentrations of analytes of interest. The %Recs of matrix spikes (MS) and matrix spike duplicates (MSD) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, possible matrix effects, overall analytical accuracy and analytical precision. All reported VOC and SVOC MS/MSD percent recoveries and relative percent differences (RPDs) were within QC advisory limits with the exception of the following VOC MSD compound %Rec:

Batch #	Sample	MS/MSD Analyte	%Rec	QC Limits
80400-11	MW-6S MSD	Trichloroethene (TCE)	56%	64 - 131%

Analytical data were qualified on the basis of MS/MSD %Recs alone.

Laboratory control samples (LCSs) and their duplicates (LCSDs), also known as blank or reagent spikes, are blank samples spiked with known concentrations of analytes of interest. The %Recs of LCS/LCSDs were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, overall analytical accuracy and analytical precision. No LCS/LCSD data were reported with the CAM-OR analytical SDGs.

Laboratory and blind field duplicate analyses are used as indicators of analytical precision within a given sample matrix. Laboratory duplicate data were not reported with the CAM-OR project SDGs. The following table presents the results of the field duplicate analyses:

Sample	Duplicate	Analyte	Sample Concentration (µg/l)	Duplicate Concentration (µg/l)	Relative Percent Difference
B-2	B-22 Dup	Trichloroethene	27J	28J	3.6
		cis-1,2-dichloroethene	630	650	3.1
		1,1-dichloroethene	140	140	0
MW-5S	MW-5S Dup	Trichloroethene	560J	600J	6.9
		Tetrahydrofuran	<50	65	NC

The field duplicate sample data exhibited reasonable agreement.

Calculations, transcriptions and chromatograms were spot-checked whenever sufficient data were provided by the laboratory.

As part of the analytical data validation, selected laboratory analytical data were qualified in accordance with standard criteria for data quality and usability. The qualifier codes used in this process included the following:

- "J" The analyte was positively identified; the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.
- "B" Analyte was identified; analyte detected in blank sample.

Based upon the results of the laboratory quality control, QA/QC samples and analytical data validation it is Dames & Moore's opinion that the analytical data associated with the CAM-OR project are acceptable for use as qualified, and that the data accurately represent concentrations in the environmental samples submitted to the laboratory.

March 1996 Sampling Event

Investigative groundwater samples were analyzed by Savannah Laboratories of Savannah, Georgia as follows:

- 20 samples for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 8240; and,
- 16 samples for semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs) by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 8270.

Technical holding times were assessed by comparing the sampling dates with that of the preparation (extraction) dates and/or the analysis dates. The technical holding time requirements were met for all sample analyses.

Trip blanks (TBs) are carbon-free deionized water samples that accompany the investigative VOC samples during all stages of shipment, storage and analysis. Trip blanks are used to evaluate the potential for artificial introduction of VOCs into the investigative samples during the transportation and sample handling processes. Four trip blanks were reported; one with each of the four sample collection events. Methylene chloride was reported with sample delivery groups (SDGs) 81328 at 90 μ g/l, 81367 at 120 μ g/l and 81395 at 640 μ g/l. All investigative samples with analyte concentrations less than that of the analyte concentration detected in the associated blank were qualified "U" (not-detected).\frac{1}{2}

Laboratory method blanks are blank air, water or soil samples prepared by the analytical laboratory and analyzed in the same fashion as the investigative samples. Water and soil laboratory method blanks were used to ensure that the investigative samples were not contaminated during the sample preparation, sample analysis or from a previous sample (instrument carry-over). All water laboratory method blanks were reported free of contamination.

Surrogate compounds are those compounds which are not expected to be detected in the investigative samples but which are chemically similar to analytes of interest. Surrogate compound percent recoveries (%Recs) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, possible matrix effects and overall analytical accuracy. All VOC sample surrogate compound %Recs were reported within the corresponding QC limits. All SVOC sample surrogate compound %Recs were reported within QC limits with the exception of sample MW-6S (Terphenyl d-14 = 24%; QC limits = 33 - 141%) and samples MW-2S, MW-2D, MW-3S, MW-3D and MW-3D Dup (all surrogates were diluted out of the corresponding QC limits). SVOC sample data are qualified based on surrogates only when two surrogates are recovered outside the corresponding QC limits per analytical fraction (i.e., acid or

¹ The 5X or 10X rule, sample volume, and/or dilution factors must be taken into consideration when comparing sample concentration to that of the blank. (US EPA, February 1994)

base/neutral). This does not include instances in which the surrogates are diluted out due to sample dilution.

Matrix spikes are samples fortified (spiked) with known concentrations of analytes of interest. The %Recs of matrix spikes (MS) and matrix spike duplicates (MSD) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, possible matrix effects, overall analytical accuracy and analytical precision. Samples MW-1D MS and MW-1D MSD were collected and analyzed as a matrix spike duplicate pair in SDG 81367. All reported VOC and SVOC MS/MSD %Recs and relative percent differences (RPDs) were within the corresponding QC advisory limits.

Laboratory control samples (LCSs) and their duplicates (LCSDs), also known as blank or reagent spikes, are blank samples spiked with known concentrations of analytes of interest. The %Recs of LCS/LCSDs were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, overall analytical accuracy and analytical precision. All reported LCS/LCSD %Recs and RPDs were within the corresponding QC limits.

Field duplicate analyses are used as indicators of analytical precision within a given sample matrix. The following table presents the results of the field duplicate analyses:

Sample	Duplicate	Analyte	Sample Concentration (µg/I)	Duplicate Concentration (µg/l)	Relative Percent Difference
MW-5D	MW-5D Dup	All VOCs	ND	ND	NA
MW-3D	MW-3D Dup	ALL VOCs	ND	ND	NA
MW-5D	MW-5D Dup	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	64	64	0
MW-3D	MW-3D Dup	1,4-Dioxane	1200	900	28.6

The field duplicate sample data exhibited reasonable agreement.

Calculations, transcriptions and chromatograms were spot-checked whenever sufficient data were provided by the laboratory.

As part of the analytical data validation, selected laboratory analytical data were qualified in accordance with standard criteria for data quality and usability. The qualifier codes used in this process included the following:

• "U" The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected above the reported detection limit.

Based upon the results of the laboratory quality control, QA/QC samples and analytical data validation it is Dames & Moore's opinion that the analytical data associated with the CAM-OR

project are acceptable for use as qualified, and that the data accurately represent concentrations in the environmental samples submitted to the laboratory.

Off-site Groundwater Profiling

A quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) review was performed on the organic analytical data associated with the CAM-OR project to assess the quality and usability of the data. The QA/QC review evaluated holding times, surrogate analyses, laboratory method blank analyses, laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) analyses, continuing calibration verifications (CCVs) and one matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) analysis. The evaluation was based upon the National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (US EPA, February, 1994), modified to include specific criteria of the individual analytical methods utilized for the CAM-OR project.

Investigative water samples were analyzed by National Environmental Testing, Inc. located in Indianapolis, Indiana for the following:

- Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and tetrahydrofuran (THF) by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 8260 (samples P30 100, P30 80, P30 60);
- Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 8270 (Samples P30 100, P30 80, P30 60); and,
- 1,4 Dioxane by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 8270 (samples P33 100, P33 80, P33 60, P31 100, P31 80, P31 60, P34 100, P34 80, P34 60, P35 100, P35 80, P35 60, P32 100, P32 80 and P32 60).

Technical holding times were assessed by comparing the sampling dates with that of the dates prepared (extracted) and/or the date analyzed. The technical holding time requirements were met for all samples. Detection limits associated with the non-detects in these samples were flagged "UJ" (undetected, estimated quantitation limit).

Surrogate compounds are those compounds which are not expected to be detected in the investigative samples but which are chemically similar to analytes of interest. Surrogate compound percent recoveries (%Recs) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, possible matrix effects and overall analytical accuracy. All surrogate compound %Recs were within the corresponding QC limits.

Laboratory method blanks are blank water samples prepared by the analytical laboratory and analyzed in the same fashion as the investigative samples. Water laboratory method blanks were used to ensure that the investigative samples were not contaminated during the sample preparation, sample analysis or from a previous sample (instrument carry-over). All laboratory method blanks were reported free of contamination.

Laboratory control samples (LCSs), also known as blank or reagent spikes, are blank samples spiked with known concentrations of analytes of interest. The %Recs and relative percent differences (RPDs) of LCSs and their duplicates (LCSDs) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, overall analytical accuracy and analytical precision. Although no control limits are established for LCS/LCSD accuracy and precision, the LCS/LCSD associated with samples P35 100, P35 80 and P35 60 showed poor precision (RPD = 51%) due to a low %Rec (58%) in the LCS. Detection limits of the non-detect results associated with these samples were qualified "UJ" (undetected, estimated quantitation limit).

QC limits were established for continuing calibration verifications (CCVs) to ensure that the instrument was capable of producing accurate quantitative data throughout each of the analyses. CCVs were reported by the laboratory for every calibration check compound (CCC) required by the specific method. All CCV %Recs were reported within the corresponding QC limits.

Matrix spikes (MSs) are samples fortified (spiked) with known concentrations of analytes of interest. The %Recs of MSs and matrix spike duplicates (MSDs) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, possible matrix effects, overall analytical accuracy and analytical precision. No MS/MSD samples were reported with any of the sample delivery groups (SDGs).

As part of the analytical data validation, selected laboratory analytical data were qualified in accordance with standard criteria for data quality and usability. The following code was used in this process:

UJ The analyte was not detected above the reported detection limit. However, the reported detection limit is approximate and may or may not represent the actual limit of detection necessary to accurately and precisely measure the analyte in the sample.

Based upon the results of the laboratory quality control, QA/QC samples and analytical data validation, it is Dames & Moore's opinion that the analytical data associated with the CAM-OR project are acceptable for use as qualified, and the data accurately represent concentrations in the environmental samples submitted to the laboratory.

On-Site Soil Characterization

A quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) review was performed on the organic analytical data associated with the CAM-OR project to assess the quality and usability of the data. The QA/QC review evaluated holding times, surrogate analyses, laboratory method blank analyses, laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) analyses, continuing calibration verifications (CCVs) and one matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) analysis. The evaluation was based upon the *National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review* (US EPA, February, 1994), modified to include specific criteria of the individual analytical methods utilized for the CAM-OR project.

Investigative soil samples were analyzed by National Environmental Testing, Inc. located in Indianapolis, Indiana for the following:

Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and tetrahydrofuran (THF) by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 8260; and,

Polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), 2-Picoline (TIC) and 1,4-Dioxane by U.S. EPA SW-846 Method 8270.

Technical holding times were assessed by comparing the sampling dates with that of the dates prepared (extracted) and/or the date analyzed. The technical holding time requirements were met for all samples except for the PAH extraction of samples DM-41 (4-8), DM-43 (8-12), and DM-44 (4-8). These samples were extracted one day after the expiration of the seven day holding time. No target compounds were reported in these samples. The detection limits of associated non detects were qualified "UJ" (undetected, estimated quantitation limits).

Surrogate compounds are those compounds which are not expected to be detected in the investigative samples but which are chemically similar to analytes of interest. Surrogate compound percent recoveries (%Recs) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, possible matrix effects and overall analytical accuracy. All surrogate compound %Recs were within the corresponding QC limits unless diluted out as a result of sample dilution.

Due to matrix interferences and/or high analyte concentrations, some samples were diluted resulting in increased detection limits.

Laboratory method blanks are blank water samples prepared by the analytical laboratory and analyzed in the same fashion as the investigative samples. Water laboratory method blanks were used to ensure that the investigative samples were not contaminated during the sample preparation, sample analysis or from a previous sample (instrument carry-over). All laboratory method blanks were reported free of contamination.

Laboratory control samples (LCSs), also known as blank or reagent spikes, are blank samples spiked with known concentrations of analytes of interest. The %Recs and relative percent differences (RPDs) of LCSs and their duplicates (LCSDs) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, overall analytical accuracy and analytical precision. All LCS/LCSD %Recs and RPDs were reported within the corresponding QC limits with the exception of the vinyl chloride LCS %Rec (55%) associated with Run Batch #38. All associated positive and non-detect results were qualified "J" (estimated) and "UJ" (undetected, estimated quantitation limit), respectively.

QC limits were established for continuing calibration verifications (CCVs) to ensure that the instrument was capable of producing accurate quantitative data throughout each of the analyses. CCVs were reported by the laboratory for every calibration check compound (CCC) required by the specific method. All CCV %Recs were reported within the corresponding QC limits.

Matrix spikes (MSs) are samples fortified (spiked) with known concentrations of analytes of interest. The %Recs of MSs and matrix spike duplicates (MSDs) were used to evaluate extraction efficiencies, possible matrix effects, overall analytical accuracy and analytical precision. Two samples from this project underwent MS/MSD analyses. Chlorobenzene was recovered below the control limits established by the *National Functional Guidelines* in the MS/MSD (55% and 50%, respectively) associated with sample delivery groups (SDGs) 96.04232 and 96.04231. In addition, seven out of ten volatile MS/MSD %Recs were reported below the QC limits set forth in the *National Functional Guidelines*. These MS/MSD results indicate that, in some samples, there may be a matrix interference causing a low bias in the aromatic volatile results. However, in light of the acceptable surrogate and LCS results, no data were qualified based on the MS/MSD results.

As part of the analytical data validation, selected laboratory analytical data were qualified in accordance with standard criteria for data quality and usability. The following code was used in the process:

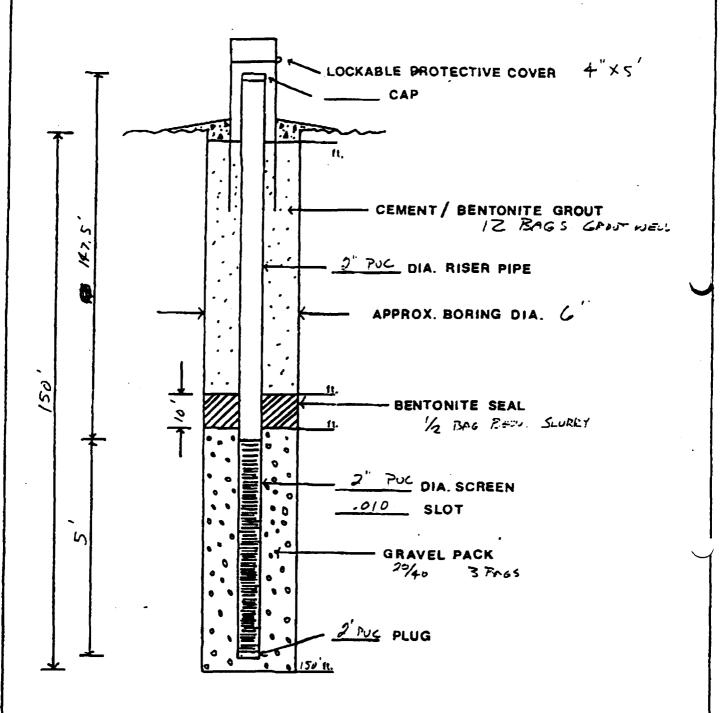
• UJ The analyte was not detected above the reported detection limit. However, the reported detection limit is approximate and may or may not represent the actual limit of detection necessary to accurately and precisely measure the analyte in the sample.

Based upon the results of the laboratory quality control, QA/QC samples and analytical data validation, it is Dames & Moore's opinion that the analytical data associated with the CAM-OR project are acceptable for use as qualified, and that the data accurately represent concentrations in the environmental samples submitted to the laboratory.

APPENDIX F

WELL CONSTRUCTION LOGS

WELL NUMBER MW-56



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WESTHILE	INC.
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661650	

ITPICAL	MONITOR	WELL	

WELL NUMBER MW-57 LOCKABLE PROTECTIVE COVER 4'X5' __ CAP - CEMENT / BENTONITE GROUT 2 PUL DIA. RISER PIPE APPROX. BORING DIA. C" 80.0 <u>60 11.</u> - BENTONITE SEAL 631L 1/2 Bes SLUHI-D' PUC DIA. SCREEN ,010 SLOT 0 GRAVEL PACK Z PK PLUG LOCATION: TYPICAL MONITOR WELL CAM -OR

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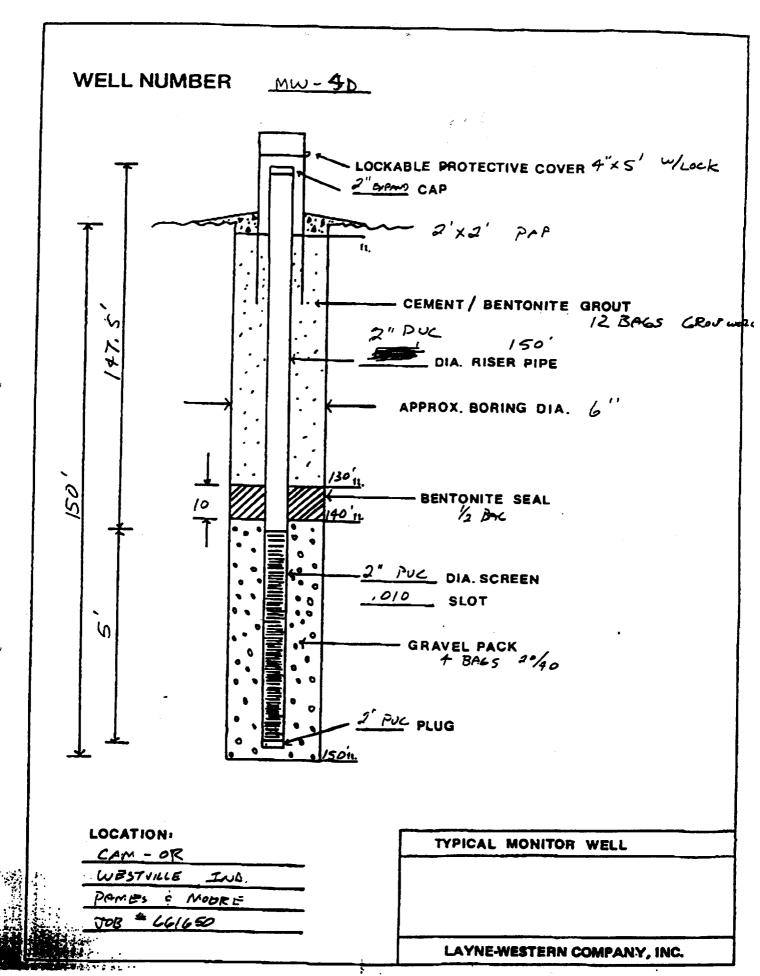
LAYNE-WESTERN COMPANY, INC.

DAMES ! // SARE

661650

WELL NUMBER MW-5s LOCKABLE PROTECTIVE COVER F"X 5 ___ CAP - CEMENT / BENTONITE GROUT 2" PUC DIA. RISER PIPE APPROX. BORING DIA. 6 - BENTONITE SEAL 14 RAC PERS SLURRY 2" PUC DIA. SCREEN .010 SLOT GRAVEL PACK 5 Brus = 1/40 2" PUC PLUG LOCATION: TYPICAL MONITOR WELL CASA-OR WESTVILLE INE. DAMES & MODEE 1061450 LAYNE-WESTERN COMPANY, INC.

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I Par PLUG

LOCATION:	
CAM-OR	
WBSTUILLE ING,	
DAMES & MORE	
66/050	

TYPICAL MONITOR WELL

LAYNE-WESTERN COMPANY, INC.

Bo'n.

WELL NUMBER MW- 61 LOCKABLE PROTECTIVE COVER 4"x5' W/Lock 2"Ermo CAP J'XZ' PAD - CEMENT / BENTONITE GROUT
7 BAGS CROWT WOLL 2" PUL DIA. RISER PIPE APPROX, BORING DIA. 6" - BENTONITE SEAL 10 RAG BER SIVERY 2" PUC DIA. SCREEN .010 SLOT GRAVEL PACK J' PUL PLUG LOCATION: TYPICAL MONITOR WELL CAM- OF. WOSTULLE INC. DAMES & MOOPE JP8 = 661450

LAYNE-WESTERN COMPANY, INC.

